UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PU	RSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 193	4				
	For the quarterly period ended	March 31, 2023					
	OR						
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PU	RSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 193	4				
For	the transition period from	to					
	Commission File Number	001-31539					
S	MENE	ERGY					
	SM ENERGY CO						
Delaware	(Exact name of registrant as spec	41-0518430					
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or	organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification N	lo.)				
1700 Lincoln Street, Suite 3200, Denver (Address of principal executive offi		80203 (Zip Code)					
	(303) 861-8140 (Registrant's telephone number, in	cluding area code)					
\$	Securities registered pursuant to Sec	ction 12(b) of the Act:					
Title of each class Common stock, \$0.01 par value	Trading symbol(s SM	Name of each exchange on New York Stock E	•				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant wa No \Box		. ,	, <u> </u>				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months		·					
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accompany. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "a							
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer					
Non-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company					
		Emerging growth company					
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of	the registrant has elected not to use if the Exchange Act. \square	the extended transition period for complying with a	ny new or revised financial				
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell cor	mpany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of t	he Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☑					
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the is	suer's classes of common stock, as	of the latest practicable date.					
As of April 21, 2023, the registrant had 120,517,918 shares	of common stock outstanding.						

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>ltem</u>		<u>Page</u>
	Cautionary Information about Forward-Looking Statements	<u>3</u>
	<u>Part I</u>	<u>4</u>
Item 1.	Financial Statements (unaudited)	<u>4</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022	<u>4</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and 2022	<u>5</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and 2022	<u>6</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and 2022	<u>7</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and 2022	<u>8</u>
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>9</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>18</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>32</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>32</u>
	Part II	<u>33</u>
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>33</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>33</u>
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>33</u>
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>34</u>
	<u>Signatures</u>	<u>35</u>
	2	
	_	

Cautionary Information about Forward-Looking Statements

This Report on Form 10-Q ("Form 10-Q" or "this report") contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"). All statements included in this report, other than statements of historical fact, that address activities, conditions, events, or developments with respect to our financial condition, results of operations, business prospects or economic performance that we expect, believe, or anticipate will or may occur in the future, or that address plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "budget," "could," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "goal," "intend," "pending," "plan," "potential," "projected," "target," "will," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements appear throughout this report, and include statements about such matters as:

- business strategies and other plans and objectives for future operations, including plans for expansion and growth of operations or to defer capital investment, plans
 with respect to future dividend payments, debt redemptions or equity repurchases, capital markets activities, environmental, social, and governance ("ESG") goals
 and initiatives, and our outlook on our future financial condition or results of operations;
- the amount and nature of future capital expenditures, the resilience of our assets to declining commodity prices, and the availability of liquidity and capital resources
 to fund capital expenditures;
- our outlook on prices for future crude oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids (also referred to throughout this report as "oil," "gas," and "NGLs," respectively), well costs, service costs, production costs, and general and administrative costs, and the impacts of inflation on each of these;
- armed conflict, political instability, or civil unrest in oil and gas producing regions, including the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine, and related potential effects on laws and regulations, or the imposition of economic or trade sanctions;
- any changes to the borrowing base or aggregate lender commitments under our Seventh Amended and Restated Credit Agreement ("Credit Agreement");
- · cash flows, liquidity, interest and related debt service expenses, changes in our effective tax rate, and our ability to repay debt in the future;
- our drilling and completion activities and other exploration and development activities, each of which could be impacted by supply chain disruptions and inflation, our
 ability to obtain permits and governmental approvals, and plans by us, our joint development partners, and/or other third-party operators;
- possible or expected acquisitions and divestitures, including the possible divestiture or farm-out of, or farm-in or joint development of, certain properties;
- oil, gas, and NGL reserve estimates and estimates of both future net revenues and the present value of future net revenues associated with those reserve estimates, as well as the conversion of proved undeveloped reserves to proved developed reserves;
- · our expected future production volumes, identified drilling locations, as well as drilling prospects, inventories, projects and programs; and
- other similar matters, such as those discussed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Part I, Item 2 of this report.

Our forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments, and other factors that we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. We caution you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and these statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which may cause our actual results or performance to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause our financial condition, results of operations, business prospects or economic performance to differ from expectations include the factors discussed in the *Risk Factors* section in Part I, Item 1A of our<u>Annual Report on Form 10-K</u> for the year ended December 31, 2022 (<u>'2022 Form 10-K''</u>).

The forward-looking statements in this report speak only as of the filing of this report. Although we may from time to time voluntarily update our prior forward-looking statements, we disclaim any commitment to do so except as required by applicable securities laws.

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except share data)

		March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	477,869	\$	444,998
Accounts receivable		187,810		233,297
Derivative assets		81,062		48,677
Prepaid expenses and other		9,535		10,231
Total current assets		756,276		737,203
Property and equipment (successful efforts method):				
Proved oil and gas properties		10,483,159		10,258,368
Accumulated depletion, depreciation, and amortization		(6,339,303)		(6,188,147)
Unproved oil and gas properties, net of valuation allowance of \$37,904 and \$38,008, respectively		497,127		487,192
Wells in progress		342,875		287,267
Other property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$57,338 and \$56,512, respectively		45,694		38,099
Total property and equipment, net		5,029,552		4,882,779
Noncurrent assets:				
Derivative assets		15,373		24,465
Other noncurrent assets		68,957		71,592
Total noncurrent assets		84,330		96,057
Total assets	\$	5,870,158	\$	5,716,039
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	522,279	\$	532,289
Derivative liabilities		30,723		56,181
Other current liabilities		10,144		10,114
Total current liabilities		563,146		598,584
Noncurrent liabilities:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Revolving credit facility		_		_
Senior Notes, net		1,572,991		1,572,210
Asset retirement obligations		110,163		108,233
Deferred income taxes		330,782		280,811
Derivative liabilities		3,639		1,142
Other noncurrent liabilities		59,642		69,601
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,077,217		2,031,997
Commitments and contingencies (note 6)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value - authorized: 200,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 120,517,918 and 121,931,676 shares, respectively		1,205		1,219
Additional paid-in capital		1,743,567		1,779,703
Retained earnings		1,489,032		1,308,558
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(4,009)		(4,022)
Total stockholders' equity		3,229,795		3,085,458
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	5,870,158	\$	5.716.039
rotal habilities and stockholders' equity	Ψ	3,070,130	Ψ	3,7 10,039

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ condensed \ consolidated \ financial \ statements.$

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share data)

For the Three Months Ended March 31.

	Marc	ch 31,			
	 2023		2022		
Operating revenues and other income:					
Oil, gas, and NGL production revenue	\$ 570,778	\$	858,721		
Other operating income	2,727		1,055		
Total operating revenues and other income	 573,505		859,776		
Operating expenses:	 				
Oil, gas, and NGL production expense	142,348		144,691		
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion	154,189		159,481		
Exploration	18,428		9,046		
General and administrative	27,669		24,996		
Net derivative (gain) loss	(51,329)		418,521		
Other operating expense, net	10,153		1,305		
Total operating expenses	 301,458		758,040		
Income from operations	 272,047		101,736		
Interest expense	(22,459)		(39,387)		
Other non-operating income (expense), net	4,470		(724)		
Income before income taxes	 254,058		61,625		
Income tax expense	(55,506)		(12,861)		
Net income	\$ 198,552	\$	48,764		
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding	121,671		121,907		
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding	122,294		124,179		
Basic net income per common share	\$ 1.63	\$	0.40		
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 1.62	\$	0.39		
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.15	\$	0.01		

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	For the Three Marc	is Ended
	 2023	2022
Net income	\$ 198,552	\$ 48,764
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Pension liability adjustment	13	182
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	13	182
Total comprehensive income	\$ 198,565	\$ 48,946

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except share data and dividends per share)

	Common	Stoc	k	Additional Paid-			Retained		ccumulated Other		Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Shares Amount			in Capital Earnings			Comprehensive Loss			Equity
Balances, December 31, 2022	121,931,676	\$	1,219	\$	1,779,703	\$	1,308,558	\$	(4,022)	\$	3,085,458
Net income	_		_		_		198,552		_		198,552
Other comprehensive income	_		_		_		_		13		13
Cash dividends declared, \$0.15 per share	_		_		_		(18,078)		_		(18,078)
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_		4,318		_		_		4,318
Purchase of shares under Stock Repurchase Program	(1,413,758)		(14)		(40,454)		_		_		(40,468)
Balances, March 31, 2023	120,517,918	\$	1,205	\$	1,743,567	\$	1,489,032	\$	(4,009)	\$	3,229,795

	Common	Stock		- Additional Paid-			Retained	Accumulated Other			Total Stockholders'
	Shares				in Capital		Earnings	Comprehensive Loss			Equity
Balances, December 31, 2021	121,862,248	\$	1,219	\$	1,840,228	\$	234,533	\$	(12,849)	\$	2,063,131
Net income	_		_		_		48,764		_		48,764
Other comprehensive income	_		_		_		_		182		182
Cash dividends declared, \$0.01 per share	_		_		_		(1,218)		_		(1,218)
Issuance of common stock upon vesting of RSUs, net of shares used for tax withholdings	1,929		_		(24)		_		_		(24)
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_		4,274		_		_		4,274
Balances, March 31, 2022	121,864,177	\$	1,219	\$	1,844,478	\$	282,079	\$	(12,667)	\$	2,115,109

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	1	For the Three Montl	ns End	ed March 31,
		2023		2022
Cash flows from operating activities:		,		
Net income	\$	198,552	\$	48,764
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion		154,189		159,481
Stock-based compensation expense		4,318		4,274
Net derivative (gain) loss		(51,329)		418,521
Derivative settlement gain (loss)		5,076		(168,183)
Amortization of debt discount and deferred financing costs		1,371		4,010
Deferred income taxes		49,968		11,948
Other, net		(4,295)		1,239
Net change in working capital		(26,216)		(137,962)
Net cash provided by operating activities		331,634		342,092
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures		(240,712)		(150,127)
Other, net		307		
Net cash used in investing activities		(240,405)		(150,127)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Cash paid to repurchase Senior Notes		_		(104,770)
Repurchase of common stock		(40,068)		(104,770)
Dividends paid		(18,290)		
Other, net		(10,200)		(24)
Net cash used in financing activities		(58,358)		(104,794)
		· · · · · ·		
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		32,871		87,171
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period		444,998		332,716
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period	\$	477,869	\$	419,887
Supplemental schedule of additional cash flow information:				
Operating activities:				
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest	\$	(33,882)	\$	(64,204)
Investing activities:				
Increase in capital expenditure accruals and other	\$	66,873	\$	15,627

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Operations

SM Energy Company, together with its consolidated subsidiaries ("SM Energy" or the "Company"), is an independent energy company engaged in the acquisition, exploration, development, and production of oil, gas, and NGLs in the state of Texas.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") for interim financial information, the instructions to Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and Regulation S-X. These financial statements do not include all information and notes required by GAAP for annual financial statements. However, except as disclosed herein, there has been no material change in the information disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the 2022 Form 10-K. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of interim financial information, have been included. Operating results for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of expected results for the full year. In connection with the preparation of the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date of March 31, 2023, and through the filing of this report. Additionally, certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed by the Company are set forth in Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the 2022 Form 10-K and are supplemented by the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2022 Form 10-K.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

As of March 31, 2023, and through the filing of this report, no Accounting Standards Updates have been issued and not yet adopted that are applicable to the Company and that would have a material effect on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Note 2 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company recognizes its share of revenue from the sale of produced oil, gas, and NGLs from its Midland Basin and South Texas assets. Oil, gas, and NGL production revenue presented within the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations ("accompanying statements of operations") is reflective of the revenue generated from contracts with customers.

The table below presents oil, gas, and NGL production revenue by product type for each of the Company's operating areas for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022:

		Midlar	nd Ba	asin		South	ı T	exas	Total				
			nths Ended ch 31,			Three Mor		Three Months Ended March 31,					
		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Oil production revenue	\$	320,135	\$	493,895	\$	100,703		113,407	\$	420,838	\$	607,302	
Gas production revenue		49,789		102,273		43,942		67,776		93,731		170,049	
NGL production revenue		177		152		56,032		81,218		56,209		81,370	
Total	\$	370,101	\$	596,320	\$	200,677	:	\$ 262,401	\$	570,778	\$	858,721	
Relative percentage	_	65 %		69 %		35 %		31 %		100 %	_	100 %	

The Company recognizes oil, gas, and NGL production revenue at the point in time when custody and title ("control") of the product transfers to the purchaser, which differs depending on the applicable contractual terms. Transfer of control drives the

presentation of transportation, gathering, processing, and other post-production expenses ("fees and other deductions") within the accompanying statements of operations. Fees and other deductions incurred by the Company prior to control transfer are recorded within the oil, gas, and NGL production expense line item on the accompanying statements of operations. When control is transferred at or near the wellhead, sales are based on a wellhead market price that is impacted by fees and other deductions incurred by the purchaser subsequent to the transfer of control.

Revenue is recorded in the month when performance obligations are satisfied. However, settlement statements from the purchasers of hydrocarbons and the related cash consideration are received 30 to 90 days after production has occurred. As a result, the Company must estimate the amount of production delivered to the customer and the consideration that will ultimately be received for sale of the product. Estimated revenue due to the Company is recorded within the accounts receivable line item on the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets ("accompanying balance sheets") until payment is received. The accounts receivable balances from contracts with customers within the accompanying balance sheets as of March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, were \$146.2 million and \$184.5 million, respectively. To estimate accounts receivable from contracts with customers, the Company uses knowledge of its properties, historical performance, contractual arrangements, index pricing, quality and transportation differentials, and other factors as the basis for these estimates. Differences between estimates and actual amounts received for product sales are recorded in the month that payment is received from the purchaser. The time period between production and satisfaction of performance obligations is generally less than one day, therefore there are no material unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations at the end of the reporting period.

Please refer to Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Note 2 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers in the 2022 Form 10-K for more information regarding the Company's revenue recognition policy and the application of the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, and for more information regarding the types of contracts under which oil, gas, and NGL production revenue is generated.

Note 3 - Equity

Stock Repurchase Program

During 2022, the Company's Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$00.0 million in aggregate value of its common stock through December 31, 2024 ("Stock Repurchase Program"). The Stock Repurchase Program permits the Company to repurchase shares of its common stock from time to time in open market transactions, through privately negotiated transactions or by other means in accordance with federal securities laws and subject to certain provisions of the Credit Agreement and the indentures governing the Senior Notes, as defined in *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt.* Please refer to *Note 3 - Equity* in the 2022 Form 10-K for additional information regarding the Company's Stock Repurchase Program.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company utilized net cash provided by operating activities to repurchase and subsequently retird,413,758 shares of its common stock at a weighted-average share price of \$28.32 for a total cost of \$40.0 million, excluding taxes, commissions, and fees. As of March 31, 2023, \$402.8 million remained available for repurchases of the Company's outstanding common stock under the Stock Repurchase Program.

Note 4 - Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022, consists of the following:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,								
	 2023		2022						
	(in thousands)								
Current portion of income tax expense:									
Federal	\$ (4,998)	\$	(609)						
State	(540)		(304)						
Deferred portion of income tax expense	(49,968)		(11,948)						
Income tax expense	\$ (55,506)	\$	(12,861)						
Effective tax rate	21.8 %		20.9 %						

Recorded income tax expense or benefit differs from the amount that would be provided by applying the statutory United States federal income tax rate to income or loss before income taxes. These differences primarily relate to the effect of state income taxes, excess tax benefits and deficiencies from stock-based compensation awards, tax deduction limitations on the compensation of covered individuals, changes in valuation allowances, the cumulative effect of other smaller permanent differences, and can also reflect

the cumulative effect of an enacted tax rate change, in the period of enactment, on the Company's net deferred tax asset and liability balances. The Company commissioned a multi-year research and development ("R&D") credit study in 2022, which is expected to be completed in late 2023, and is expected to favorably impact the Company's effective tax rate and future tax obligations when the results are recorded. The Company's policy is to not record an R&D credit until it is claimed on a filed tax return, which had not occurred as of the filing of this report.

For all years before 2019, the Company is generally no longer subject to United States federal or state income tax examinations by tax authorities.

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

Credit Agreement

The Company's Credit Agreement provides for a senior secured revolving credit facility with a maximum loan amount of \$.0 billion. As of March 31, 2023, the borrowing base and aggregate lender commitments under the Credit Agreement were \$2.5 billion and \$1.25 billion, respectively. Subsequent to March 31, 2023, the semi-annual borrowing base redetermination was completed, which reaffirmed both the Company's borrowing base and aggregate lender commitments at existing amounts. The next scheduled borrowing base redetermination date is October 1, 2023. The Credit Agreement is scheduled to mature on the earlier of (a) August 2, 2027 ("Stated Maturity Date"), or (b) 91 days prior to the maturity date of any of the Company's outstanding Senior Notes, as defined below, to the extent that, on or before such date, the respective Senior Notes have not been repaid, exchanged, repurchased, refinanced, or otherwise redeemed in full, and, if refinanced or exchanged, with a scheduled maturity date that is not earlier than at least 180 days after the Stated Maturity Date.

Interest and commitment fees associated with the revolving credit facility are accrued based on a borrowing base utilization grid set forth in the Credit Agreement, as presented in Note 5 - Long-Term Debt in the 2022 Form 10-K. At the Company's election, borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be in the form of Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), Alternate Base Rate ("ABR"), or Swingline loans. SOFR loans accrue interest at SOFR plus the applicable margin from the utilization grid, and ABR and Swingline loans accrue interest at a market-based floating rate, plus the applicable margin from the utilization grid. Commitment fees are accrued on the unused portion of the aggregate lender commitment amount at rates from the utilization grid.

The following table presents the outstanding balance, total amount of letters of credit outstanding, and available borrowing capacity under the Credit Agreement as of April 21, 2023, March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022:

	 As of April 21, 2023	 As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 202			
		(in thousands)				
Revolving credit facility (1)	\$ _	\$ _	\$	_		
Letters of credit (2)	6,000	6,000		6,000		
Available borrowing capacity	1,244,000	1,244,000		1,244,000		
Total aggregate lender commitment amount	\$ 1,250,000	\$ 1,250,000	\$	1,250,000		

⁽¹⁾ Unamortized deferred financing costs attributable to the revolving credit facility are presented as a component of the other noncurrent assets line item on the accompanying balance sheets and totaled \$10.2 million and \$10.8 million as of March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, respectively. These costs are being amortized over the term of the revolving credit facility on a straight-line basis.

⁽²⁾ Letters of credit outstanding reduce the amount available under the revolving credit facility on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

Senior Notes

The Company's Senior Notes, net line item on the accompanying balance sheets as of March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, consists of the following (collectively referred to as "Senior Notes"):

		As o	f March 31, 20	23		As of December 31, 2022								
	Principal Amount	_	namortized Deferred Financing Costs	Principal Amount, Net			Principal Amount		namortized Deferred Financing Costs		Principal amount, Net			
					(in tho	usar	ısands)							
5.625% Senior Notes due 2025	\$ 349,118	\$	1,369	\$	347,749	\$	349,118	\$	1,528	\$	347,590			
6.75% Senior Notes due 2026	419,235		2,394		416,841		419,235		2,569		416,666			
6.625% Senior Notes due 2027	416,791		2,978		413,813		416,791		3,172		413,619			
6.5% Senior Notes due 2028	400,000		5,412		394,588		400,000		5,665		394,335			
Total	\$ 1,585,144	\$	12,153	\$	1,572,991	\$	1,585,144	\$	12,934	\$	1,572,210			

The Senior Notes are unsecured senior obligations and rank equal in right of payment with all of the Company's existing and any future unsecured senior debt and are senior in right of payment to any future subordinated debt. The Company may redeem some or all of its Senior Notes prior to their maturity at redemption prices based on a premium, plus accrued and unpaid interest as described in the indentures governing the Senior Notes.

On February 14, 2022, the Company redeemed the remaining \$104.8 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its 5.0% Senior Notes due 2024 ("2024 Senior Notes"), with cash on hand, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the 2024 Senior Notes which provided for a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount of the 2024 Senior Notes on the date of redemption, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The Company canceled all redeemed 2024 Senior Notes upon settlement.

Please refer to Note 5 - Long-Term Debt in the 2022 Form 10-K for additional detail on the Company's Senior Notes.

Covenants

The Company is subject to certain financial and non-financial covenants under the Credit Agreement and the indentures governing the Senior Notes that, among other terms, limit the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, make restricted payments including dividends, sell assets, create liens that secure debt, enter into transactions with affiliates, and merge or consolidate with other entities. The Company was in compliance with all financial and non-financial covenants as of March 31, 2023, and through the filing of this report. Please refer to *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* in the 2022 Form 10-K for additional detail on the Company's covenants under the Credit Agreement and indentures governing the Senior Notes.

Capitalized Interest

Capitalized interest costs for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022, totaled \$.5 million and \$3.0 million, respectively. The amount of interest the Company capitalizes generally fluctuates based on the amount borrowed, the Company's capital program, and the timing and amount of costs associated with capital projects that are considered in progress. Capitalized interest costs are included in total costs incurred.

Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

Other than those items discussed below, there have been no changes in commitments through the filing of this report that differ materially from those disclosed in the 2022 Form 10-K. Please refer to Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies in the 2022 Form 10-K for additional discussion of the Company's commitments.

Drilling Rig Service Contracts. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, and through the filing of this report, the Company amended certain of its drilling rig contracts resulting in the increase of day rates and potential early termination fees, and the extension of contract terms. As of the filing of this report, the Company's drilling rig commitments totaled \$30.3 million under contract terms extending through the second quarter of 2024. If all of these contracts were terminated as of the filing of this report, the Company would avoid a portion of the contractual service commitments; however, the Company would be required to pay \$18.8 million in early termination fees. No early termination penalties or standby fees were incurred by the Company during the three months ended

March 31, 2023, and the Company does not expect to incur material penalties with regard to its drilling rig contracts during the remainder of 2023.

Contingencies

The Company is subject to litigation and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company accrues for such items when a liability is both probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. In the opinion of management, the anticipated results of any pending litigation and claims are not expected to have a material effect on the results of operations, the financial position, or the cash flows of the Company.

Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments

Summary of Oil, Gas, and NGL Derivative Contracts in Place

The Company regularly enters into commodity derivative contracts to mitigate a portion of its exposure to oil, gas, and NGL price volatility and location differentials, and the associated impact on cash flows. As of March 31, 2023, and through the filing of this report, all contracts were entered into for other-than-trading purposes. The Company's commodity derivative contracts consist of price swap and collar arrangements for oil and gas production, and price swap arrangements for NGL production. In a typical commodity swap agreement, if the agreed upon published third-party index price ("index price") is lower than the swap price, the Company receives the difference between the index price and the agreed upon swap price. If the index price is higher than the swap price, the Company pays the difference. For collar arrangements, the Company receives the difference between an agreed upon index price and the floor price if the index price is below the floor price. The Company pays the difference between the agreed upon ceiling price and the index price if the index price is above the ceiling price. No amounts are paid or received if the index price is between the floor and ceiling prices.

The Company has entered into fixed price oil and gas basis swaps in order to mitigate exposure to adverse pricing differentials between certain industry benchmark prices and the actual physical pricing points where the Company's production is sold. As of March 31, 2023, the Company had basis swap contracts with fixed price differentials between:

- · NYMEX WTI and Argus WTI Midland for a portion of its Midland Basin oil production with sales contracts that settle at Argus WTI Midland prices;
- NYMEX WTI and Argus WTI Houston Magellan East Houston Terminal ("MEH") for a portion of its South Texas oil production with sales contracts that settle at Argus WTI Houston MEH ("WTI Houston MEH") prices;
- NYMEX HH and Inside FERC Houston Ship Channel ("IF HSC") for a portion of its South Texas gas production with sales contracts that settle at IF HSC prices;
 and
- NYMEX HH and Inside FERC West Texas ("IF Waha") for a portion of its Midland Basin gas production with sales contracts that settle at IF Waha prices.

The Company has also entered into oil swap contracts to fix the differential in pricing between the NYMEX calendar month average and the physical crude oil delivery month ("Roll Differential") in which the Company pays the periodic variable Roll Differential and receives a weighted-average fixed price differential. The weighted-average fixed price differential represents the amount of net addition (reduction) to delivery month prices for the notional volumes covered by the swap contracts.

As of March 31, 2023, the Company had commodity derivative contracts outstanding through the fourth quarter of 2025 as summarized in the table below:

					Cont	ract Perio	d			
	C	econd Quarter 2023		Third Quarter 2023		Fourth Quarter 2023		2024		2025
Oil Derivatives (volumes in MBbl and prices in \$ pe	<u>r Bbl)</u> :									
Swaps										
NYMEX WTI Volumes		333		607		546		_		_
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$	45.18	\$	59.77	\$	60.00	\$	_	\$	
ICE Brent Volumes		910		920		920		910		_
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$	86.50	\$	86.50	\$	86.50	\$	85.50	\$	_
Collars										
NYMEX WTI Volumes		464		291		_		919		_
Weighted-Average Floor Price	\$	67.85	\$	75.00	\$	_	\$	75.00	\$	_
Weighted-Average Ceiling Price	\$	81.53	\$	93.05	\$	_	\$	81.47	\$	_
Basis Swaps										
WTI Midland-NYMEX WTI Volumes		1,357		1,414		1,294		2,961		_
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$	0.99	\$	0.88	\$	0.88	\$	1.17	\$	_
WTI Houston MEH-NYMEX WTI Volumes		431		361		296		877		_
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$	1.68	\$	1.59	\$	1.53	\$	1.85	\$	_
Roll Differential Swaps									•	
NYMEX WTI Volumes		1,243		1,304		1,201		2,188		_
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$	0.62	\$	0.64	\$	0.62	\$	0.42	\$	_
Gas Derivatives (volumes in BBtu and prices in \$ possible Swaps	er MMBt	_		4.470						
NYMEX HH Volumes		1,420		1,470		_		_		
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$	5.05	\$	5.11	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Collars										
NYMEX HH Volumes	_	5,181		6,194		8,362		19,457		_
Weighted-Average Floor Price	\$	3.83	\$	3.75	\$	3.90	\$	3.71	\$	_
Weighted-Average Ceiling Price	\$	4.68	\$	4.62	\$	5.70	\$	5.89	\$	_
IF HSC Volumes		1,345		1,389		1,451		_		
Weighted-Average Floor Price	\$	4.25	\$	4.25	\$	4.25	\$	_	\$	_
Weighted-Average Ceiling Price	\$	5.00	\$	4.95	\$	5.55	\$	_	\$	_
Basis Swaps	Ť	0.00	Ť		Ť	0.00	Ť		Ť	
IF Waha-NYMEX HH Volumes		2,462		2,442		2,337		20,958		20,501
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$		\$	(1.05)	\$	(1.01)	\$	(0.86)	\$	(0.66
IF HSC-NYMEX HH Volumes		,						,		
	•	1,774	•	1,813	•	2,008	•	10,208	•	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$	(0.25)	\$	(0.25)	\$	(0.25)	\$	(0.33)	\$	_
NGL Derivatives (volumes in MBbl and prices in \$ p	er Bbl):									
Swaps										
OPIS Propane Mont Belvieu Non-TET Volumes		182		181		187		_		_
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$	36.66	\$	36.67	\$	36.66	\$	_	\$	_

Commodity Derivative Contracts Entered Into Subsequent to March 31, 2023

Subsequent to March 31, 2023, the Company entered into NYMEX WTI price swap contracts for the fourth quarter of 2023 for a total of 0.3 MMBbl of oil production at a contract price of \$77.00 per Bbl and NYMEX HH price swap contracts for 2025 for a total of 5,891 BBtu of gas production at a weighted-average contract price of \$4.20 per MMBtu.

Derivative Assets and Liabilities Fair Value

The Company's commodity derivatives are measured at fair value and are included in the accompanying balance sheets as derivative assets and liabilities, with the exception of derivative instruments that meet the "normal purchase normal sale" exclusion. The Company does not designate its commodity derivative contracts as hedging instruments. The fair value of the commodity derivative contracts was a net asset of \$62.1 million and \$15.8 million as of March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, respectively.

The following table details the fair value of commodity derivative contracts recorded in the accompanying balance sheets, by category:

	As of March 31, 2023	As of December 31, 2022					
	(in thousands)						
Derivative assets:							
Current assets	\$ 81,06	2 \$ 48,677					
Noncurrent assets	15,37	3_ 24,465					
Total derivative assets	\$ 96,43	5 \$ 73,142					
Derivative liabilities:							
Current liabilities	\$ 30,72	3 \$ 56,181					
Noncurrent liabilities	3,63	9 1,142					
Total derivative liabilities	\$ 34,36	2 \$ 57,323					

Offsetting of Derivative Assets and Liabilities

As of March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, all derivative instruments held by the Company were subject to master netting arrangements with various financial institutions. In general, the terms of the Company's agreements provide for offsetting of amounts payable or receivable between it and the counterparty, at the election of both parties, for transactions that settle on the same date and in the same currency. The Company's agreements also provide that in the event of an early termination, the counterparties have the right to offset amounts owed or owing under that and any other agreement with the same counterparty. The Company's accounting policy is to not offset these positions in its accompanying balance sheets.

The following table provides a reconciliation between the gross assets and liabilities reflected on the accompanying balance sheets and the potential effects of master netting arrangements on the fair value of the Company's commodity derivative contracts:

	Derivative Assets as of				Derivative Liabilities as of			
	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		March 31, 2023		ecember 31, 2022	
			(in thou	ısan	ds)			
Gross amounts presented in the accompanying balance sheets	\$ 96,435	\$	73,142	\$	(34,362)	\$	(57,323)	
Amounts not offset in the accompanying balance sheets	(25,293)		(26,136)		25,293		26,136	
Net amounts	\$ 71,142	\$	47,006	\$	(9,069)	\$	(31,187)	

The following table summarizes the commodity components of the derivative settlement (gain) loss, and the net derivative (gain) loss line items presented within the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows ("accompanying statements of cash flows") and the accompanying statements of operations, respectively:

	For	For the Three Months Ended March 31,							
		2023		2022					
		(in tho	s)						
Derivative settlement (gain) loss:									
Oil contracts	\$	6,226	\$	129,168					
Gas contracts		(11,302)		27,051					
NGL contracts		_		11,964					
Total derivative settlement (gain) loss	\$	(5,076)	\$	168,183					
Net derivative (gain) loss:									
Oil contracts	\$	(29,167)	\$	315,050					
Gas contracts		(20,778)		86,175					
NGL contracts		(1,384)		17,296					
Total net derivative (gain) loss	\$	(51,329)	\$	418,521					

Credit Related Contingent Features

As of March 31, 2023, all of the Company's derivative counterparties were members of the Credit Agreement lender group. The Company does not enter into derivative contracts with counterparties that are not part of the lender group. Under the Credit Agreement, the Company is required to provide mortgage liens on assets having a value equal to at least 85 percent of the total PV-9, as defined in the Credit Agreement, of the Company's proved oil and gas properties evaluated in the most recent reserve report. Collateral securing indebtedness under the Credit Agreement also secures the Company's derivative agreement obligations.

Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements

The Company follows fair value measurement accounting guidance for all assets and liabilities measured at fair value. This guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Market or observable inputs are the preferred sources of values, followed by assumptions based on hypothetical transactions in the absence of market inputs. The fair value hierarchy for grouping these assets and liabilities is based on the significance level of the following inputs:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable
- Level 3 significant inputs to the valuation model are unobservable

The following table is a listing of the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in the accompanying balance sheets and where they are classified within the fair value hierarchy:

		As of March 31, 2023						As of December 31, 2022						
	Le	vel 1		Level 2		Level 3		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
						(in tho	usand	ds)						
Assets:														
Derivatives (1)	\$	_	\$	96,435	\$	_	\$	_	\$	73,142	\$	_		
Liabilities:														
Derivatives (1)	\$	_	\$	34,362	\$	_	\$	_	\$	57,323	\$	_		

⁽¹⁾ This represents a financial asset or liability that is measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities are categorized within the above fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used by the Company as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the above fair value hierarchy.

Derivatives

The Company uses Level 2 inputs to measure the fair value of oil, gas, and NGL commodity derivatives. Fair values are based upon interpolated data. The Company derives internal valuation estimates taking into consideration forward commodity price curves, counterparties' credit ratings, the Company's credit rating, and the time value of money. These valuations are then compared to the respective counterparties' mark-to-market statements. The considered factors result in an estimated exit price that management believes provides a reasonable and consistent methodology for valuing derivative instruments. The commodity derivative instruments utilized by the Company are not considered by management to be complex, structured, or illiquid. The oil, gas, and NGL commodity derivative markets are highly active. Please refer to Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments in this report, and to Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements and Note 10 - Derivative Financial Instruments in the 2022 Form 10-K for more information regarding the Company's derivative instruments.

Long-Term Debt

The following table reflects the fair value of the Company's Senior Notes obligations measured using Level 1 inputs based on quoted secondary market trading prices. These notes were not presented at fair value on the accompanying balance sheets as of March 31, 2023, or December 31, 2022, as they were recorded at carrying value, net of any unamortized deferred financing costs. Please refer to *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* above for additional information.

		As of Marc	, 2023	As of December 31, 2022					
	Princ	Principal Amount		Fair Value		Principal Amount		Fair Value	
				(in tho	usands	s)			
5.625% Senior Notes due 2025	\$	349,118	\$	339,207	\$	349,118	\$	337,821	
6.75% Senior Notes due 2026	\$	419,235	\$	411,898	\$	419,235	\$	409,484	
6.625% Senior Notes due 2027	\$	416,791	\$	404,466	\$	416,791	\$	402,120	
6.5% Senior Notes due 2028	\$	400,000	\$	386,660	\$	400,000	\$	384,520	

Note 9 - Earnings Per Share

Basic net income or loss per common share is calculated by dividing net income or loss available to common stockholders by the basic weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the respective period. Diluted net income or loss per common share is calculated by dividing net income or loss available to common stockholders by the diluted weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, which includes the effect of potentially dilutive securities. Potentially dilutive securities for this calculation consist primarily of non-vested restricted stock units ("RSUs") and contingent performance share units ("PSUs"), which were measured using the treasury stock method. Please refer to *Note 7 - Compensation Plans* and *Note 9 - Earnings Per Share* in the 2022 Form 10-K for additional detail on these potentially dilutive securities.

Can tha Thuas Mantha Coded

The following table sets forth the calculations of basic and diluted net income per common share:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,						
		2023		2022			
	(in thousands, except per sh data)						
Net income	\$	198,552	\$	48,764			
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding		121,671		121,907			
Dilutive effect of non-vested RSUs, contingent PSUs, and other		623	2,272				
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding		122,294		124,179			
Basic net income per common share	\$	1.63	\$	0.40			
Diluted net income per common share	\$	1.62	\$	0.39			

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion includes forward-looking statements. Please refer to the *Cautionary Information about Forward-Looking Statements* section of this report for important information about these types of statements. Throughout the following discussion, we explain changes between the three months ended March 31, 2023, and the three months ended December 31, 2022 ("sequential quarterly" or "sequentially"), as well as the year-to-date ("YTD") change between the three months ended March 31, 2023, and the three months ended March 31, 2022 ("YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022").

Overview of the Company

General Overview

Our strategy is to be a premier operator of top-tier oil and gas assets. Our team executes this strategy by prioritizing safety, technological innovation, and stewardship of natural resources, all of which are integral to our corporate culture. Our purpose is to make people's lives better by responsibly producing energy supplies, contributing to domestic energy security and prosperity, and having a positive impact in the communities where we live and work. Our long-term vision is to sustainably grow value for all of our stakeholders by maintaining and optimizing our high-quality asset portfolio, generating cash flows, and maintaining a strong balance sheet. Our near-term goals include returning value to stockholders through our Stock Repurchase Program and fixed dividend payments, and focusing on continued operational excellence.

Our asset portfolio is comprised of high-quality assets in the Midland Basin of West Texas and in the Maverick Basin of South Texas that are capable of generating strong returns in the current macroeconomic environment, and present resilience to commodity price risk and volatility. We remain focused on maximizing returns and increasing the value of our top-tier assets through continued development and optimization of our Midland Basin assets and through continued development and delineation of the Austin Chalk formation in South Texas. We believe that our high-quality asset base provides for a sustainable approach to prioritizing operational execution, maintaining a strong balance sheet, generating cash flows, returning capital to stockholders, and maintaining strong financial flexibility.

We are committed to exceptional safety, health, and environmental stewardship; supporting the professional development of a diverse and thriving team of employees; building and maintaining partnerships with our stakeholders by investing in and connecting with the communities where we live and work; and transparency in reporting on our progress in these areas. The Environmental, Social and Governance Committee of our Board of Directors oversees, among other things, the development and implementation of the Company's ESG policies, programs and initiatives, and, together with management, reports to our Board of Directors regarding such matters. Further demonstrating our commitment to sustainable operations and environmental stewardship, compensation for our executives and eligible employees under our long-term incentive plan, and compensation for all employees under our short-term incentive plan is calculated based on, in part, certain Company-wide, performance-based metrics that include key financial, operational, environmental, health, and safety measures.

Global commodity and financial markets remain subject to heightened levels of uncertainty and volatility as a result of inflation, disruptions resulting from recent bank failures, and the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine and associated economic and trade sanctions on Russia. These circumstances have driven commodity price volatility and have contributed to increased service provider and other costs, instances of supply chain disruptions, and a rise in interest rates, and could have further industry-specific impacts that may require us to adjust our business plan. For additional detail, please refer to the *Risk Factors* section in Part I, Item 1A of our 2022 Form 10-K. Despite continuing uncertainty, we expect to maximize the value of our high-quality asset base and sustain strong operational performance and financial stability. We remain focused on returning capital to stockholders through increased returns and cash flow generation.

Areas of Operations

Our Midland Basin assets are comprised of approximately 87,000 net acres located in the Permian Basin in West Texas ("Midland Basin"). In the first quarter of 2023, drilling and completion activities within our RockStar and Sweetie Peck positions continued to focus primarily on development optimization of our Midland Basin position. Our Midland Basin position provides substantial future development opportunities within multiple oil-rich intervals, including the Spraberry and Wolfcamp formations.

Our South Texas assets are comprised of approximately 155,000 net acres located in the Maverick Basin in Dimmit and Webb Counties, Texas ("South Texas"). In the first quarter of 2023, our operations in South Texas were focused on production from both the Austin Chalk formation and Eagle Ford shale formation, development of the Eagle Ford shale formation, and development and further delineation of the Austin Chalk formation. Our overlapping acreage position in the Maverick Basin covers a significant portion of the western Eagle Ford shale and Austin Chalk formations, and includes acreage across the oil, gas-condensate, and dry gas windows with gas composition amenable to processing for NGL extraction.

First Quarter 2023 Overview and Outlook for the Remainder of 2023

During the first quarter of 2023, we remained focused on returning value to our stockholders through our Stock Repurchase Program and fixed quarterly dividend payments. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, we repurchased and subsequently retired 1,413,758 shares of our outstanding common stock at a cost of \$40.0 million, excluding taxes, commissions, and fees. During the first quarter of 2023, we declared quarterly dividends of \$0.15 per share totaling \$18.1 million. Please refer to *Note* 3 - Equity in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion regarding our Stock Repurchase Program.

Our total 2023 capital program is expected to be approximately \$1.1 billion, exclusive of acquisitions, and will remain focused on our highly economic oil development projects in both our Midland Basin and South Texas assets. During 2023, we expect to repeat our track record of inventory replacement and growth and to continue applying our strength in geosciences and development optimization. We believe that our high-quality asset portfolio is capable of generating strong returns in the current macroeconomic environment, which we expect will enable us to maintain cash flows and financial flexibility. Please refer to *Overview of Liquidity and Capital Resources* below for discussion of how we expect to fund the remainder of our 2023 capital program.

Financial and Operational Results. Average net daily equivalent production for the three months ended March 31, 2023, increased two percent sequentially to 146.4 MBOE, consisting of a 10 percent increase from our South Texas assets partially offset by a four percent decrease from our Midland Basin assets. These changes are a result of the timing of well completions.

Oil and gas realized prices, before the effect of derivative settlements ("realized price" or "realized prices"), decreased sequentially by 10 percent and 36 percent, respectively, as a result of decreases in benchmark commodity prices during the first quarter of 2023. Realized price for NGLs remained flat sequentially. Total realized price per BOE decreased 15 percent sequentially, resulting in a 15 percent decrease in oil, gas, and NGL production revenue, which was \$570.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with \$669.3 million for the three months ended December 31, 2022. Oil, gas, and NGL production expense of \$10.80 per BOE for the three months ended March 31, 2023, decreased six percent sequentially, primarily as a result of decreases in production tax expense per BOE and ad valorem tax expense per BOE.

We recorded a net derivative gain of \$51.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with a net derivative gain of \$11.2 million for the three months ended December 31, 2022. Included within these amounts are a derivative settlement gain of \$5.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and a derivative settlement loss of \$115.6 million for the three months ended December 31, 2022.

Operational and financial activities during the three months ended March 31, 2023, resulted in the following:

- Net cash provided by operating activities of \$331.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with \$288.4 million for the three months ended December 31, 2022.
- Net income of \$198.6 million, or \$1.62 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with net income of \$258.5 million, or \$2.09 per diluted share, for the three months ended December 31, 2022.
- Adjusted EBITDAX, a non-GAAP financial measure, for the three months ended March 31, 2023, of \$401.4 million, compared with \$373.9 million for the three
 months ended December 31, 2022. Please refer to the caption Non-GAAP Financial Measures below for additional discussion and our definition of adjusted
 EBITDAX and reconciliations to net income and net cash provided by operating activities.

Please refer to Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trendsand Comparison of Financial Results and Trends Between the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, and Between the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and 2022 below for additional discussion.

Operational Activities. In our Midland Basin program, we operated three drilling rigs and averaged two completion crews, drilled eight gross (seven net) wells, and completed 12 gross (10 net) wells during the first quarter of 2023. Average net daily equivalent production volumes decreased sequentially by four percent to 74.0 MBOE. Costs incurred in our Midland Basin program during the three months ended March 31, 2023, totaled \$174.0 million, or 56 percent of our total costs incurred for the period. During the remainder of 2023, we anticipate operating three drilling rigs and averaging one completion crew. We expect our activity to focus primarily on developing the Spraberry and Wolfcamp formations within our RockStar and Sweetie Peck positions.

In our South Texas program, we operated two drilling rigs and one completion crew, drilled seven gross (seven net) wells, and completed 17 gross (16 net) wells during the first quarter of 2023. Average net daily equivalent production volumes increased sequentially by 10 percent to 72.5 MBOE. Costs incurred in our South Texas program during the three months ended March 31, 2023, totaled \$125.6 million, or 41 percent of our total costs incurred for the period. During the remainder of 2023, we anticipate operating two drilling rigs and one completion crew, focused primarily on developing the Austin Chalk formation.

The table below provides a quarterly summary of changes in our drilled but not completed well count and current year drilling and completion activity in our operated programs for the three months ended March 31, 2023:

	Midland	d Basin	South T	exas (1)	Tot	al
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Wells drilled but not completed at December 31, 2022 ⁽²⁾	49	40	29	28	78	69
Wells drilled	8	7	7	7	15	14
Wells completed	(12)	(10)	(17)	(16)	(29)	(26)
Wells drilled but not completed at March 31, 2023(2)	45	37	19	19	64	56

⁽¹⁾ The South Texas drilled but not completed well count as of December 31, 2022, included nine gross (nine net) wells that were not included in our five-year development plan as of December 31, 2022, eight of which were in the Eagle Ford shale formation.

Costs Incurred. Costs incurred in oil and gas property acquisition, exploration, and development activities, whether capitalized or expensed, totaled \$308.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and were primarily incurred in our Midland Basin and South Texas programs as further detailed in Operational Activities above.

Production Results. The table below presents our production by product type for each of our assets for the three months ended March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022, and March 31, 2022:

	For the Three Months Ended								
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022						
Midland Basin Production:									
Oil (MMBbl)	4.2	4.4	5.3						
Gas (Bcf)	14.5	15.9	15.5						
NGLs (MMBbl)	_	_	_						
Equivalent (MMBOE)	6.7	7.1	7.9						
Average net daily equivalent (MBOE per day)	74.0	77.0	87.4						
Relative percentage	51 %	54 %	57 %						
South Texas Production:									
Oil (MMBbl)	1.4	1.3	1.2						
Gas (Bcf)	17.8	16.2	15.9						
NGLs (MMBbl)	2.1	2.1	2.1						
Equivalent (MMBOE)	6.5	6.1	5.9						
Average net daily equivalent (MBOE per day)	72.5	65.9	65.8						
Relative percentage	49 %	46 %	43 %						
Total Production:									
Oil (MMBbl)	5.7	5.7	6.5						
Gas (Bcf)	32.2	32.1	31.4						
NGLs (MMBbl)	2.1	2.1	2.1						
Equivalent (MMBOE)	13.2	13.1	13.8						
Average net daily equivalent (MBOE per day)	146.4	142.9	153.3						

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

Please refer to Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trendsand Comparison of Financial Results and Trends Between the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, and Between the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and 2022 below for discussion on production.

⁽²⁾ Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

Oil, Gas, and NGL Prices

Our financial condition and the results of our operations are significantly affected by the prices we receive for our oil, gas, and NGL production, which can fluctuate dramatically. When we refer to realized oil, gas, and NGL prices below, the disclosed price represents the average price for the respective period before the effect of derivative settlements. While quoted NYMEX oil and gas and OPIS NGL prices are generally used as a basis for comparison within our industry, the prices we receive are affected by quality, energy content, location and transportation differentials, and contracted pricing benchmarks for these products.

The following table summarizes commodity price data, as well as the effect of derivative settlements, for the three months ended March 31, 2023, December 31, 2022, and March 31, 2022:

	For the Three Months Ended									
	March 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022				
Oil (per Bbl):										
Average NYMEX contract monthly price	\$	76.13	\$	82.64	\$	94.29				
Realized price	\$	74.31	\$	82.35	\$	94.03				
Effect of oil derivative settlements	\$	(1.10)	\$	(15.04)	\$	(20.00)				
Gas:										
Average NYMEX monthly settle price (per MMBtu)	\$	3.42	\$	6.26	\$	4.95				
Realized price (per Mcf)	\$	2.91	\$	4.52	\$	5.42				
Effect of gas derivative settlements (per Mcf)	\$	0.35	\$	(0.91)	\$	(0.86)				
NGLs (per Bbl):										
Average OPIS price (1)	\$	30.95	\$	33.03	\$	48.36				
Realized price	\$	26.24	\$	26.10	\$	38.56				
Effect of NGL derivative settlements	\$	_	\$	(0.27)	\$	(5.67)				

⁽¹⁾ Effective January 1, 2023, average OPIS price per barrel of NGL, historical or strip, assumes a composite barrel product mix of 42% Ethane, 28% Propane, 6% Isobutane, 11% Normal Butane, and 13% Natural Gasoline. For periods prior to 2023, average OPIS price per barrel of NGL, historical or strip, assumed a composite barrel product mix of 37% Ethane, 32% Propane, 6% Isobutane, 11% Normal Butane, and 14% Natural Gasoline. These product mixes represent the industry standard composite barrel for the respective periods presented and do not necessarily represent our product mix for NGL production. Realized prices reflect our actual product mix.

Given the uncertainty surrounding global financial markets, the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine, the economic and trade sanctions that certain countries have imposed on Russia, production output from the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") plus other non-OPEC oil producing countries (collectively referred to as "OPEC+"), and the potential impacts of these issues on global commodity markets, we expect benchmark prices for oil, gas, and NGLs to remain volatile for the foreseeable future, and we cannot reasonably predict the timing or likelihood of any future impacts that may result, which could include further inflation, supply chain disruptions, a continued rise in interest rates, and industry-specific impacts. In addition to supply and demand fundamentals, as global commodities, the prices for oil, gas, and NGLs are affected by real or perceived geopolitical risks in various regions of the world as well as the relative strength of the United States dollar compared to other currencies. Our realized prices at local sales points may also be affected by infrastructure capacity in the areas of our operations and beyond.

The following table summarizes 12-month strip prices for NYMEX WTI oil, NYMEX Henry Hub gas, and OPIS NGLs as of April 21, 2023, and March 31, 2023:

	As o	f April 21, 2023	As of March 31, 2023
NYMEX WTI oil (per Bbl)	\$	75.93	\$ 74.45
NYMEX Henry Hub gas (per MMBtu)	\$	3.03	\$ 3.00
OPIS NGLs (per Bbl)	\$	28.97	\$ 28.73

We use financial derivative instruments as part of our financial risk management program. We have a financial risk management policy governing our use of derivatives, and decisions regarding entering into commodity derivative contracts are overseen by a financial risk management committee consisting of certain of our senior executive officers and finance personnel. We make decisions about the amount of our expected production that we cover by derivatives based on the amount of debt on our balance sheet, the level of capital commitments and long-term obligations we have in place, and the terms and futures prices that are made available by our approved counterparties. With our current commodity derivative contracts, we believe we have partially reduced our

exposure to volatility in commodity prices and basis differentials in the near term. Our use of costless collars for a portion of our derivatives allows us to participate in some of the upward movements in oil and gas prices while also setting a price floor below which we are insulated from further price decreases. Please refer to Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments in Part I, Item 1 of this report and to Commodity Price Risk in Overview of Liquidity and Capital Resources below for additional information regarding our oil, gas, and NGL derivatives.

Financial Results of Operations and Additional Comparative Data

The tables below provide information regarding selected production and financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and the preceding three quarters:

	For the Three Months Ended										
	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		S	eptember 30, 2022		June 30, 2022			
				(in m	illion	s)					
Production (MMBOE)		13.2		13.1		12.7		13.3			
Oil, gas, and NGL production revenue	\$	570.8	\$	669.3	\$	827.6	\$	990.4			
Oil, gas, and NGL production expense	\$	142.3	\$	150.7	\$	160.0	\$	165.6			
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion	\$	154.2	\$	143.6	\$	145.9	\$	154.8			
Exploration	\$	18.4	\$	10.8	\$	14.2	\$	20.9			
General and administrative	\$	27.7	\$	32.8	\$	28.4	\$	28.3			
Net income	\$	198.6	\$	258.5	\$	481.2	\$	323.5			

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

Selected Performance Metrics

	For the Three Months Ended									
		March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	5	September 30, 2022		June 30, 2022		
Average net daily equivalent production (MBOE per day)		146.4		142.9		137.8		146.6		
Lease operating expense (per BOE)	\$	5.16	\$	5.20	\$	5.64	\$	5.11		
Transportation costs (per BOE)	\$	2.81	\$	2.86	\$	2.87	\$	2.87		
Production taxes as a percent of oil, gas, and NGL production revenue		4.7 %		4.8 %		4.9 %		5.1 %		
Ad valorem tax expense (per BOE)	\$	0.81	\$	0.97	\$	0.93	\$	0.69		
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion (per BOE)	\$	11.70	\$	10.93	\$	11.50	\$	11.60		
General and administrative (per BOE)	\$	2.10	\$	2.50	\$	2.24	\$	2.12		

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

		For t	the T	hree Months E	nde	d	Amount Change Between the Three Months Ended			the Three	Percent Change Between the Three Months Ended			
		ch 31, 023	D	ecember 31, 2022	N	larch 31, 2022		March 31, 2023 & ecember 31, 2022	Ма	rch 31, 2023 & 2022	March 31, 2023 & December 31, 2023	2	March 31, 2023 & 2022	
Net production volumes: (1)					_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Oil (MMBbl)		5.7		5.7		6.5		_		(0.8)	(1) %	(12)%	
Gas (Bcf)		32.2		32.1		31.4		0.1		0.9	_	%	3 %	
NGLs (MMBbl)		2.1		2.1		2.1		0.1		_	3	%	2 %	
Equivalent (MMBOE)		13.2		13.1		13.8		_		(0.6)	_	%	(4)%	
Average net daily production: (1)														
Oil (MBbl per day)		62.9		62.0		71.8		0.9		(8.8)	1	%	(12)%	
Gas (MMcf per day)		358.1		348.9		348.4		9.2		9.7	3	%	3 %	
NGLs (MBbl per day)		23.8		22.7		23.4		1.1		0.4	5	%	2 %	
Equivalent (MBOE per day)		146.4		142.9		153.3		3.6		(6.9)	2	%	(4)%	
Oil, gas, and NGL production revenue (in million	ns): ⁽¹⁾													
Oil production revenue	\$	420.8	\$	469.8	\$	607.3	\$	(49.0)	\$	(186.5)	(10		. ,	
Gas production revenue		93.7		145.0		170.0		(51.2)		(76.3)	(35		` '	
NGL production revenue		56.2		54.5		81.4		1.7		(25.2)	3	%	(31)%	
Total oil, gas, and NGL production revenue	\$	570.8	\$	669.3	\$	858.7	\$	(98.5)	\$	(287.9)	(15	%	(34)%	
Oil, gas, and NGL production expense (in millio	ns): (1)	:												
Lease operating expense	\$	68.0	\$	68.4	\$	58.6	\$	(0.3)	\$	9.5	_	%	16 %	
Transportation costs		37.0		37.6		37.7		(0.6)		(0.7)	(2) %	(2)%	
Production taxes		26.7		32.0		40.4		(5.3)		(13.8)	(17	%	(34)%	
Ad valorem tax expense		10.6		12.7		8.0		(2.1)		2.7	(16	%	33 %	
Total oil, gas, and NGL production expense	\$	142.3	\$	150.7	\$	144.7	\$	(8.3)	\$	(2.3)	(6) %	(2)%	
Realized price:	-										,		()	
Oil (per Bbl)	\$	74.31	\$	82.35	\$	94.03	\$	(8.04)	\$	(19.72)	(10	%	(21)%	
Gas (per Mcf)	\$	2.91	\$	4.52	\$	5.42	\$	(1.61)	\$	(2.51)	(36	%	(46)%	
NGLs (per Bbl)	\$	26.24	\$	26.10	\$	38.56	\$	0.14	\$	(12.32)	1	%	(32)%	
Per BOE	\$	43.31	\$	50.92	\$	62.25	\$	(7.61)	\$	(18.94)	(15	%	(30)%	
Per BOE data: (1)														
Oil, gas, and NGL production expense:														
Lease operating expense	\$	5.16	\$	5.20	\$	4.25	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.91	(1) %	21 %	
Transportation costs		2.81		2.86		2.74		(0.05)		0.07	(2) %	3 %	
Production taxes		2.02		2.43		2.93		(0.41)		(0.91)	(17	%	(31)%	
Ad valorem tax expense		0.81		0.97		0.58		(0.16)		0.23	(16	%	40 %	
Total oil, gas, and NGL production expense	\$	10.80	\$	11.46	\$	10.49	\$	(0.66)	\$	0.31	(6) %	3 %	
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion	\$	11.70	\$	10.93	\$	11.56	\$	0.77	\$	0.14	7	%	1 %	
General and administrative	\$	2.10	\$	2.50	\$	1.81	\$	(0.40)	\$	0.29	(16	%	16 %	
Derivative settlement gain (loss)(2)	\$	0.39	\$	(8.80)	\$	(12.19)	\$	9.19	\$	12.58	104	%	103 %	
Earnings per share information (in thousands, e	except p	oer shar	e dat	a): ⁽³⁾										
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding	1:	21,671		122,485		121,907		(814)		(236)	(1) %	— %	
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding	1:	22,294		123,399		124,179		(1,105)		(1,885)	(1) %	(2)%	
Basic net income per common share	\$	1.63	\$	2.11	\$	0.40	\$	(0.48)	\$	1.23	(23	%	308 %	
Diluted net income per common share	\$	1.62	\$	2.09	\$	0.39	\$	(0.47)	\$	1.23	(22	%	315 %	

Average net daily equivalent production for the three months ended March 31, 2023, increased two percent sequentially and decreased four percent compared with the same period in 2022. The YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 decrease consisted of a 15 percent decrease from our Midland Basin assets, partially offset by a 10 percent increase from our South Texas assets as a result of a shift in capital allocation to our Austin Chalk assets.

We present certain information on a per BOE basis in order to evaluate our performance relative to our peers and to identify and measure trends we believe may require additional analysis and discussion.

Our realized price on a per BOE basis decreased \$7.61 sequentially and \$18.94 YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022, as a result of decreases in oil and gas benchmark prices. These decreases were slightly offset by a gain on the settlement of our commodity derivative contracts of \$0.39 per BOE for the three months ended March 31, 2023. For the three months ended December 31, 2022, and March 31, 2022, we had losses on the settlement of our commodity derivative contracts of \$8.80 per BOE and \$12.19 per BOE, respectively.

Lease operating expense ("LOE") on a per BOE basis remained flat sequentially and increased 21 percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022. The YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 increase was a result of increased workover activity and the effects of inflation, both of which we expect will lead to an increase in LOE on a per BOE basis for the full-year 2023, compared with 2022. We anticipate volatility in LOE on a per BOE basis as a result of changes in total production, changes in our overall production mix, timing of workover projects, and industry activity, all of which affect total LOE.

Transportation costs on a per BOE basis decreased two percent sequentially and increased three percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022. In general, we expect total transportation costs to fluctuate relative to changes in gas and NGL production from our South Texas assets, where we incur a majority of our transportation costs. For the full-year 2023, we expect transportation costs on a per BOE basis to decrease compared with 2022, as a result of transportation cost reductions in the second half of 2023 resulting from the expiration of a long-term contract in South Texas.

Production tax expense on a per BOE basis decreased 17 percent sequentially and 31 percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022, as a result of decreases in realized prices. Our overall production tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022, was 4.7 percent, compared with 4.8 percent for the three months ended December 31, 2022. We generally expect production tax expense to correlate with oil, gas, and NGL production revenue on an absolute and per BOE basis. Product mix, the location of production, and incentives to encourage oil and gas development can also impact the amount of production tax expense that we recognize.

Ad valorem tax expense on a per BOE basis decreased 16 percent sequentially and increased 40 percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 as a result of changes to the expected value assessments of our producing properties, which are driven by fluctuations in commodity prices. We anticipate volatility in ad valorem tax expense on a per BOE and absolute basis as the valuation of our producing properties changes.

Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion ("DD&A") expense on a per BOE basis increased seven percent sequentially and remained flat YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022. The sequential quarterly increase was a result of an increase in our DD&A rate due to inflation partially offset by a shift in our production mix resulting from increased activity in our South Texas assets which have a lower DD&A rate than our Midland Basin assets. Our DD&A rate fluctuates as a result of changes in our production mix, changes in our total estimated proved reserve volumes, changes in capital allocation, impairments, divestiture activity, and carrying cost funding and sharing arrangements with third parties. We expect DD&A expense per BOE and on an absolute basis to increase slightly in 2023, compared with 2022, primarily as a result of inflation, partially offset by increased activity in our Austin Chalk program.

General and administrative ("G&A") expense on a per BOE basis decreased 16 percent sequentially primarily as a result of decreased compensation expense. G&A expense recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2022, reflected an increase to compensation expense resulting from the Company's full-year performance against targets established at the beginning of the year. G&A expense on a per BOE basis increased 16 percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 as a result of increased compensation expense and inflationary impacts. We currently expect G&A expense to increase per BOE and on an absolute basis compared with 2022, primarily as a result of expected increases in compensation expense.

Please refer to Comparison of Financial Results and Trends Between the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, and Between the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and 2022 below for additional discussion of operating expenses.

⁽¹⁾ Amounts and percentage changes may not calculate due to rounding.

⁽²⁾ Derivative settlements for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022, are included within the net derivative (gain) loss line item in the accompanying statements of operations.

⁽³⁾ Please refer to Note 9 - Earnings Per Share in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion.

Comparison of Financial Results and Trends Between the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, and Between the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and 2022

Average net daily equivalent production, oil, gas, and NGL production revenue, and oil, gas, and NGL production expense

Sequential Quarterly Changes. The following table presents changes in our average net daily equivalent production, oil, gas, and NGL production revenue, and oil, gas, and NGL production expense, by area, between the three months ended March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022:

	Net Equivalent Production Increase (Decrease)		Oil, Gas, and NGL Production Revenue Decrease	Oil, Gas, and NGL Production Expense Decrease
	(MBOE per day)		(in millions)	(in millions)
Midland Basin	(3.0)	\$	(66.3)	\$ (6.5)
South Texas	6.6		(32.1)	(1.8)
Total	3.6	\$	(98.5)	\$ (8.3)

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

Average net daily equivalent production volumes increased two percent, consisting of a 10 percent increase from our South Texas assets, partially offset by a four percent decrease from our Midland Basin assets. Our realized oil and gas prices decreased 10 percent and 36 percent, respectively, and our realized price for NGLs remained flat. As a result of decreases in benchmark commodity prices for oil and gas, total realized price per BOE decreased 15 percent, resulting in a 15 percent decrease in oil, gas, and NGL production revenue. Oil, gas, and NGL production expense decreased six percent, primarily driven by decreases in production tax expense and ad valorem tax expense.

YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 Changes. The following table presents changes in our average net daily equivalent production, oil, gas, and NGL production revenue, and oil, gas, and NGL production expense, by area, between the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022:

	Net Equivalent Production Increase (Decrease)	Oil, Gas, and NGL Production Revenue Decrease	Oil, Gas, and NGL Production Expense Increase (Decrease)		
	(MBOE per day)	(in millions)		(in millions)	
Midland Basin	(13.5)	\$ (226.2)	\$	(5.9)	
South Texas	6.6	(61.7)		3.6	
Total	(6.9)	\$ (287.9)	\$	(2.3)	

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

Average net daily equivalent production volumes decreased four percent, consisting of a 15 percent decrease from our Midland Basin assets, partially offset by a 10 percent increase from our South Texas assets. Realized prices for oil, gas, and NGLs decreased 21 percent, 46 percent, and 32 percent, respectively. As a result of decreases in benchmark commodity prices, total realized price per BOE decreased 30 percent, and combined with decreased average net daily equivalent production, resulted in a 34 percent decrease in oil, gas, and NGL production revenue. Oil, gas, and NGL production expense decreased two percent, primarily driven by a decrease in production tax expense which was mostly offset by an increase in LOE.

Please refer to Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trendsabove for additional discussion, including discussion of trends on a per BOE basis.

Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion

		For the Three Months Ended						
	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022			March 31, 2022		
				(in millions)				
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion	\$	154.2	\$	143.6	\$	159.5		

DD&A expense increased seven percent sequentially and decreased three percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022. The sequential quarterly increase was a result of an increase to our DD&A rate due to inflation. This increase was partially offset by increased activity

in our South Texas assets which have a lower DD&A rate than our Midland Basin assets. Please refer to Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trends above for discussion of DD&A expense on a per BOE basis.

Exploration

	For the Three Months Ended								
	March 31, 2023		Dec	cember 31, 2022	March 31, 2022				
				(in millions)					
Geological, geophysical, and other expenses	\$	10.6	\$	2.9	\$	1.3			
Overhead		7.8		7.9		7.7			
Total	\$	18.4	\$	10.8	\$	9.0			

Note: Prior periods have been adjusted to conform to the current period presentation.

Exploration expense increased 70 percent sequentially and 104 percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022, primarily as a result of unsuccessful exploration activity related to one well that experienced technical issues during the drilling phase. Exploration expense fluctuates based on actual geological and geophysical studies we perform within an exploratory area, exploratory dry hole expense incurred, and changes in the amount of allocated overhead.

General and administrative

		For the Three Months Ended							
	March	31, 2023	Decer	mber 31, 2022		March 31, 2022			
			(ir	millions)					
General and administrative	\$	27.7	\$	32.8	\$	25.0			

G&A expense decreased 16 percent sequentially primarily as a result of decreased compensation expense. G&A expense recorded during the three months ended December 31, 2022, reflected an increase to compensation expense resulting from the Company's full-year performance against targets established at the beginning of the year. G&A expense increased 11 percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 as a result of increased compensation expense and inflationary impacts. Please refer to the section Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trendsabove for discussion of G&A expense on a per BOE basis.

Net derivative (gain) loss

	 For the Three Months Ended							
	 March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		March 31, 2022				
		(in millions)						
Net derivative (gain) loss	\$ (51.3)	\$ (11.2)	\$	418.5				

Net derivative (gain) loss is a result of changes in derivative fair values associated with fluctuations in the forward price curves for the commodities underlying our outstanding derivative contracts and the monthly cash settlements of our derivative positions during the period. The net derivative gains for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022, resulted from decreases in benchmark commodity prices during those periods. The net derivative loss for the three months ended March 31, 2022, resulted from increases in benchmark commodity prices. Please refer to *Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion.

Interest expense

		For the Three Months Ended						
	Ma	rch 31, 2023	Dec	cember 31, 2022		March 31, 2022		
				(in millions)				
Interest expense	\$	(22.5)	\$	(22.6)	\$	(39.4)		

Interest expense remained flat sequentially and decreased 43 percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 as a result of the reduction in the aggregate principal amount of our Senior Notes through various transactions in 2022, including the redemption of our 2024 Senior Notes on February 14, 2022, and the redemption of our 10.0% Senior Secured Notes due 2025 ("2025 Senior Secured Notes") on June 17, 2022. As a result of these transactions, we expect interest expense to decrease for the full-year 2023, compared with 2022. Total

interest expense can vary based on the timing and amount of borrowings under our revolving credit facility. Please refer to Note 5 - Long-Term Debt in Part I, Item 1 of this report and Overview of Liquidity and Capital Resources below for additional discussion.

Income tax expense

		For the Three Months Ended						
	Marc	March 31, 2023 December 3			N	March 31, 2022		
			(in millio	ns, except tax rate)			
Income tax expense	\$	(55.5)	\$	(64.9)	\$	(12.9)		
Effective tax rate		21.8 %		20.1 %		20.9 %		

The sequential quarterly and YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 increases in the effective tax rate are primarily due to a benefit recognized from the release of the valuation allowance during each of the three months ended December 31, 2022, and March 31, 2022, that lowered the effective tax rate for each of those periods.

The tax rates for each period presented reflect the proportional effects of state income taxes, limits on expensing of certain covered individual's compensation, and the cumulative effect of other small differences. Based on current projections, we estimate that between eight percent and 10 percent of full-year 2023 income tax expense will be current, however, this could be impacted upon the resolution of the R&D credit study if we benefit from a carryover R&D credit amount.

Changes in federal income tax laws or enactment of proposed legislation to increase the corporate tax rate and eliminate or reduce certain oil and gas industry deductions could have a material impact on our effective tax rate and current tax expense. Please refer to the *Risk Factors* section in Part 1, Item 1A of our 2022 Form 10-K for additional discussion.

Please refer to Note 4 - Income Taxes in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion.

Overview of Liquidity and Capital Resources

Based on the current commodity price environment, we believe we have sufficient liquidity and capital resources to execute our business plan while continuing to meet our current financial obligations. We continue to manage the duration and level of our drilling and completion service commitments in order to maintain flexibility with regard to our activity level and capital expenditures.

Sources of Cash

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, our capital expenditure and return of capital programs were funded with cash flows from operating activities, and we expect that to continue for the remainder of 2023. As of March 31, 2023, our cash and cash equivalents balance was \$477.9 million, which was an increase of \$32.9 million from our cash and cash equivalents balance as of December 31, 2022. Although we expect cash flows from operations to be sufficient to fund our expected 2023 capital expenditure and return of capital programs, we may also use borrowings under our revolving credit facility or raise funds through new debt or equity offerings or from other sources of financing. If we raise additional funds through the issuance of equity or convertible debt securities, the percentage ownership of our current stockholders could be diluted, and these newly issued securities may have rights, preferences, or privileges senior to those of certain existing stockholders and bondholders. Additionally, we may enter into carrying cost and sharing arrangements with third parties for certain exploration or development programs. Our credit ratings affect the availability of, and cost for us to borrow, additional funds, and any future downgrades in our credit ratings could make it more difficult or expensive for us to borrow additional funds. All of our sources of liquidity can be affected by the general conditions of the broader economy, force majeure events, fluctuations in commodity prices, operating costs, interest rate changes, tax law changes, and volumes produced, all of which affect us and our industry.

We have no control over the market prices for oil, gas, or NGLs, although we may be able to influence the amount of our realized revenues from our oil, gas, and NGL sales through the use of commodity derivative contracts as part of our commodity price risk management program. Commodity derivative contracts may limit the prices we receive for our oil, gas, and NGL sales if oil, gas, or NGL prices rise substantially over the price established by the commodity derivative contract. Please refer to Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional information about our commodity derivative contracts currently in place and the timing of settlement of those contracts.

Credit Agreement

Our Credit Agreement provides for a senior secured revolving credit facility with a maximum loan amount of \$3.0 billion, a borrowing base of \$2.5 billion, and aggregate lender commitments totaling \$1.25 billion. The borrowing base is subject to regular, semi-annual redetermination, which considers the value of both our proved oil and gas properties reflected in our most recent reserve report and commodity derivative contracts, each as determined by our lender group. Subsequent to March 31, 2023, the semi-annual

borrowing base redetermination was completed, which reaffirmed both our borrowing base and aggregate lender commitments at existing amounts. The next scheduled borrowing base redetermination date is October 1, 2023. No individual bank participating in the Credit Agreement represents more than 10 percent of the aggregate lender commitment. We must comply with certain financial and non-financial covenants under the terms of the Credit Agreement. We were in compliance with all financial and non-financial covenants under the Credit Agreement as of March 31, 2023, and through the filing of this report. Please refer to Note 5 - Long-Term Debt in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion, as well as the presentation of the outstanding balance, total amount of letters of credit, and available borrowing capacity under the Credit Agreement as of April 21, 2023, March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022.

We had no revolving credit facility borrowings during the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022, or December 31, 2022. Cash flows provided by our operating activities, proceeds received from divestitures of properties, capital markets activities including open market debt repurchases, debt redemptions, repayment of scheduled debt maturities, and our capital expenditures, including acquisitions, all impact the amount we borrow under our revolving credit facility.

Weighted-Average Interest and Weighted-Average Borrowing Rates

Our weighted-average interest rate includes paid and accrued interest, fees on the unused portion of the aggregate commitment amount under the Credit Agreement, letter of credit fees, the non-cash amortization of deferred financing costs, and for the periods during which the 2025 Senior Secured Notes were outstanding, the non-cash amortization of the related discount. Our weighted-average borrowing rate includes paid and accrued interest only.

The following table presents our weighted-average interest rates and our weighted-average borrowing rates for the periods presented:

_	For the Three Months Ended								
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2022						
Weighted-average interest rate	7.2 %	7.0 %	8.2 %						
Weighted-average borrowing rate	6.5 %	6.4 %	7.2 %						

Our weighted-average interest rate and our weighted-average borrowing rate each remained relatively flat sequentially, and decreased YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022, primarily due to the redemption of our 2024 Senior Notes and 2025 Senior Secured Notes during 2022. We expect our weighted-average interest rate and weighted-average borrowing rate to decrease for the full-year 2023 compared with 2022, primarily as a result of the redemption of our 2024 Senior Notes and 2025 Senior Secured Notes.

Our weighted-average interest rate and weighted-average borrowing rate are impacted by the occurrence and timing of long-term debt issuances and redemptions and the average outstanding balance on our revolving credit facility. Additionally, our weighted-average interest rates are impacted by the fees paid on the unused portion of our aggregate lender commitments. The rates disclosed in the above table do not reflect certain amounts associated with the repurchase or redemption of Senior Notes, such as the acceleration of unamortized deferred financing costs and unamortized discounts, as these amounts are netted against the associated gain or loss on extinguishment of debt. The 2024 Senior Notes were redeemed on February 14, 2022, and the 2025 Senior Secured Notes were redeemed on June 17, 2022. After these dates, the weighted-average interest rate was no longer impacted by the non-cash amortization of deferred financing costs or, for the 2025 Senior Secured Notes, the non-cash amortization of the discount.

Uses of Cash

We use cash for the development, exploration, and acquisition of oil and gas properties; for the payment of operating and general and administrative costs, income taxes, dividends, debt obligations, including interest and early repayments or redemptions, and for repurchases of shares of our common stock under the Stock Repurchase Program. Expenditures for the development, exploration, and acquisition of oil and gas properties are the primary use of our capital resources. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, we spent approximately \$240.7 million on capital expenditures. This amount differs from the costs incurred amount of \$308.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, as costs incurred is an accrual-based amount that also includes asset retirement obligations, geological and geophysical expenses, acquisitions of oil and gas properties, and exploration overhead amounts.

The amount and allocation of our future capital expenditures will depend upon a number of factors, including our cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities, our ability to execute our development program, inflation, and the number and size of acquisitions that we complete. In addition, the impact of oil, gas, and NGL prices on investment opportunities, the availability of capital, tax law changes, and the timing and results of our exploration and development activities may lead to changes in funding requirements for future development. We periodically review our capital expenditure budget and guidance to assess if changes are necessary based on current and projected cash flows, acquisition and divestiture activities, debt requirements, and other factors. Our total 2023 capital program, which we expect to fund with cash flows from operations, is expected to be approximately \$1.1 billion, exclusive of acquisitions.

We may from time to time repurchase shares of our common stock, or repurchase or redeem all or portions of our outstanding debt securities, for cash, through exchanges for other securities, or a combination of both. Such repurchases or redemptions may be

made in open market transactions, privately negotiated transactions, tender offers, pursuant to contractual provisions, or otherwise. Any such repurchases or redemptions will depend on our business strategy, prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions or covenants, compliance with securities laws, and other factors. The amounts involved in any such transaction may be material. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, we repurchased and subsequently retired 1,413,758 shares of our common stock at a cost of \$40.0 million, excluding taxes, commission, and fees. As of March 31, 2023, \$402.8 million remained available under the Stock Repurchase Program for repurchases of our common stock. Please refer to *Note 3 - Equity* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion. On February 14, 2022, we redeemed all of the \$104.8 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of our 2024 Senior Notes and all redeemed 2024 Senior Notes were canceled upon settlement. Please refer to *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion.

Analysis of Cash Flow Changes Between the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023, and 2022

The following tables present changes in cash flows between the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022, for our operating, investing, and financing activities. The analysis following each table should be read in conjunction with our accompanying statements of cash flows in Part I, Item 1 of this report.

Operating activities

	For	the Three Mont	Amount Change					
		2023		2022		Between Periods		
				(in millions)				
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	331.6	\$	342.1	\$	(10.5)		

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the same period in 2022, primarily as a result of a \$160.0 million decrease in cash received from oil, gas, and NGL production revenue net of transportation costs and production taxes and an increase of \$33.7 million in cash paid for LOE and ad valorem taxes, mostly offset by a \$149.2 million decrease in cash paid on settled derivative trades, a \$26.8 million decrease in cash paid for interest, and a \$16.1 million decrease in cash paid for G&A expense. Net cash provided by operating activities is also affected by working capital changes and the timing of cash receipts and disbursements.

Investing activities

	Foi	For the Three Months Ended March 31,				Amount Change		
		2023		2022		Between Periods		
				(in millions)				
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(240.4)	\$	(150.1)	\$	(90.3)		

Net cash used in investing activities increased for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the same period in 2022, primarily as a result of a \$90.6 million increase in capital expenditures. Net cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2023, was funded by net cash provided by operating activities.

Financing activities

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,				- Amount Change		
	2023		2022		Between Periods		
				(in millions)			
Net cash used in financing activities	\$	(58.4)	\$	(104.8)	\$	46.4	

Net cash used in financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2023, related to \$40.1 million of cash paid to repurchase and subsequently retire 1,413,758 shares of our common stock under the Stock Repurchase Program and \$18.3 million in dividends paid.

Net cash used in financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022, related to \$104.8 million of cash paid to redeem our 2024 Senior Notes.

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to market and credit risk due to the floating interest rate associated with any outstanding balance on our revolving credit facility. Our Credit Agreement allows us to fix the interest rate for all or a portion of the principal balance of our revolving credit facility for a period up to six months. To the extent that the interest rate is fixed, interest rate changes will affect the revolving

credit facility's fair value but will not impact results of operations or cash flows. Conversely, for the portion of the revolving credit facility that has a floating interest rate, interest rate changes will not affect the fair value but will impact future results of operations and cash flows. Changes in interest rates do not impact the amount of interest we pay on our fixed-rate Senior Notes, but can impact their fair values. As of March 31, 2023, our outstanding principal amount of fixed-rate debt totaled \$1.6 billion and we had no floating-rate debt outstanding. Please refer to Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion on the fair values of our Senior Notes.

The Federal Reserve has continued to increase short-term interest rates in 2023. These increases, and any future increases, could impact the cost and our ability to borrow funds.

Commodity Price Risk

The prices we receive for our oil, gas, and NGL production directly impact our revenue, profitability, access to capital, ability to execute our Stock Repurchase Program and pay dividends, and future rate of growth. Oil, gas, and NGL prices are subject to unpredictable fluctuations resulting from a variety of factors that are typically beyond our control, including changes in supply and demand associated with the broader macroeconomic environment, constraints on gathering systems, processing facilities, pipelines, and other transportation systems, and weather-related events. The markets for oil, gas, and NGLs have been volatile, especially over the last decade, and remain subject to high levels of uncertainty and volatility related to the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine, the economic and trade sanctions that certain countries have imposed on Russia, production output from OPEC+, and the associated potential impacts of these issues on global commodity and financial markets. These circumstances have contributed to inflation, instances of supply chain disruptions, and a rise in interest rates, and could have further industry-specific impacts that may require us to adjust our business plan. The realized prices we receive for our production also depend on numerous factors that are typically beyond our control. Based on our production for the three months ended March 31, 2023, a 10 percent decrease in our average realized oil, gas, and NGL prices would have reduced our oil, gas, and NGL production revenue by approximately \$42.1 million, s9.4 million, and \$5.6 million, respectively. If commodity prices had been 10 percent lower, our net derivative settlements for the three months ended March 31, 2023, would have offset the declines in oil, gas, and NGL production revenue by approximately \$13.0 million.

We enter into commodity derivative contracts in order to reduce the risk of fluctuations in commodity prices. The fair value of our commodity derivative contracts is largely determined by estimates of the forward curves of the relevant price indices. As of March 31, 2023, a 10 percent increase or decrease in the forward curves associated with our oil, gas, and NGL commodity derivative instruments would have changed our net derivative positions for these products by approximately \$49.9 million, \$1.9 million, and \$1.8 million, respectively.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not participated in transactions that generate relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities ("SPE"), which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes.

We evaluate our transactions to determine if any variable interest entities exist. If we determine that we are the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity, that entity is consolidated into our consolidated financial statements. We have not been involved in any unconsolidated SPE transactions during the three months ended March 31, 2023, or through the filing of this report.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Please refer to the corresponding section in Part II, Item 7 and to Note 1 - Summary of Accounting Policies included in Part II, Item 8 of our 2022 Form 10-K for discussion of our accounting estimates.

Accounting Matters

Please refer to Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in Part I, Item 1 of this report for information on new authoritative accounting guidance.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Adjusted EBITDAX represents net income (loss) before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depletion, depreciation, amortization and asset retirement obligation liability accretion expense, exploration expense, property abandonment and impairment expense, non-cash stock-based compensation expense, derivative gains and losses net of settlements, gains and losses on divestitures, gains and losses on extinguishment of debt, and certain other items. Adjusted EBITDAX excludes certain items that we believe affect the comparability of operating results and can exclude items that are generally non-recurring in nature or whose timing and/or amount cannot be reasonably estimated. Adjusted EBITDAX is a non-GAAP measure that we believe provides useful additional information to investors and analysts, as a performance measure, for analysis of our ability to internally generate funds for exploration, development, acquisitions, and to service debt. We are also subject to financial covenants under our Credit Agreement based on adjusted EBITDAX ratios as further described in Note 5 - Long-Term Debt in the 2022 Form 10-K. In addition, adjusted EBITDAX is widely used by professional research analysts and others in the valuation, comparison, and investment recommendations of companies in the oil and gas exploration and production industry, and many investors use the published research of industry research analysts in making investment decisions. Adjusted EBITDAX should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income (loss), income (loss) from operations, net cash provided by operating activities, or other profitability or liquidity measures prepared under GAAP. Because adjusted EBITDAX excludes some, but not all items that affect net income (loss) and may vary among companies, the adjusted EBITDAX amounts presented may not be comparable to similar metrics of other companies. Our revolving credit facility provides a material source of liquidity for us. Under the terms of our Credit Agreement, if we failed to comply with the covenants that establish a maximum permitted ratio of total funded debt, as defined in the Credit Agreement, to adjusted EBITDAX, we would be in default, an event that would prevent us from borrowing under our revolving credit facility and would therefore materially limit a significant source of our liquidity. In addition, if we are in default under our revolving credit facility and are unable to obtain a waiver of that default from our lenders, lenders under that facility and under the indentures governing each series of our outstanding Senior Notes would be entitled to exercise all of their remedies for default.

The following table provides reconciliations of our net income (GAAP) and net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP) to adjusted EBITDAX (non-GAAP) for the periods presented:

		For the Three Months Ended					
	Mai	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022 (in thousands)		March 31, 2022	
Net income (GAAP)	\$	198,552	\$	258,463	\$	48,764	
Interest expense		22,459		22,638		39,387	
Income tax expense		55,506		64,867		12,861	
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion	/	154,189		143,611		159,481	
Exploration (1)		17,477		9,826		8,055	
Stock-based compensation expense		4,318		4,914		4,274	
Net derivative (gain) loss		(51,329)		(11,168)		418,521	
Derivative settlement gain (loss)		5,076		(115,620)		(168,183)	
Other, net		(4,854)		(3,677)		1,404	
Adjusted EBITDAX (non-GAAP)		401,394		373,854		524,564	
Interest expense		(22,459)		(22,638)		(39,387)	
Income tax expense		(55,506)		(64,867)		(12,861)	
Exploration (1)(2)		(8,181)		(8,851)		(8,055)	
Amortization of debt discount and deferred financing costs		1,371		1,371		4,010	
Deferred income taxes		49,968		66,061		11,948	
Other, net		(8,737)		2,278		(165)	
Net change in working capital		(26,216)		(58,833)		(137,962)	
Net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP)	\$	331,634	\$	288,375	\$	342,092	

⁽¹⁾ Stock-based compensation expense is a component of the exploration expense and general and administrative expense line items on the accompanying statements of operations. Therefore, the exploration line items shown in the reconciliation above will vary from the amount shown on the accompanying statements of operations for the component of stock-based compensation expense recorded to exploration expense.

⁽²⁾ For the three months ended March 31, 2023, amount excludes certain capital expenditures related to unsuccessful exploration activity for one well that experienced technical issues during the drilling phase. For the three months ended December 31, 2022, amount excludes certain capital expenditures related to unsuccessful exploration efforts outside of our core areas of operation.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information required by this item is provided under the captions Interest Rate Risk and Commodity Price Risk in Item 2 above, as well as under the section entitled Summary of Oil, Gas, and NGL Derivative Contracts in Placein Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments in Part I, Item 1 of this report and is incorporated herein by reference. Please also refer to the information under Interest Rate Risk and Commodity Price Risk in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Part II, Item 7 of our 2022 Form 10-K.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain a system of disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to reasonably ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") reports is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and to reasonably ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and our Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer), as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) ("Disclosure Controls") will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. We monitor our Disclosure Controls and make modifications as necessary; our intent in this regard is that the Disclosure Controls will be modified as systems change and conditions warrant.

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our Disclosure Controls was performed as of the end of the period covered by this report. This evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our Disclosure Controls are effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes during the first quarter of 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

At times, we may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of our business and operations in the normal course of business. As of the filing of this report, no legal proceedings are pending against us that we believe individually or collectively are likely to have a materially adverse effect upon our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no other material changes to the risk factors as previously disclosed in out2022 Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table provides information about purchases made by us and any affiliated purchaser (as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Exchange Act) during the three months ended March 31, 2023, of shares of our common stock, which is the sole class of equity securities registered by us pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act:

PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY ISSUER AND AFFILIATED PURCHASES					
Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Weighted Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program ⁽¹⁾	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program (as of period end date) ⁽¹⁾	
01/01/2023 - 01/31/2023	_	\$	_	\$ 442,820,671	
02/01/2023 - 02/28/2023	100,000	\$ 29.93	100,000	\$ 439,827,521	
03/01/2023 - 03/31/2023	1,313,758	\$ 28.20	1,313,758	\$ 402,780,476	
Total:	1,413,758	\$ 28.32	1,413,758		

⁽¹⁾ In September 2022, our Board of Directors approved the Stock Repurchase Program authorizing us to repurchase up to \$500.0 million in aggregate value of our common stock through December 31, 2024. The Stock Repurchase Program permits us to repurchase our shares from time to time in open market transactions, through privately negotiated transactions or by other means in accordance with federal securities laws and subject to certain provisions of our Credit Agreement and the indentures governing our Senior Notes. We intend to utilize net cash provided by operating activities to repurchase shares of our common stock. Stock repurchases may also be made with borrowings under our Credit Agreement. The timing, as well as the number and value of shares repurchased under the Stock Repurchase Program, will be determined by certain authorized officers of the Company at their discretion and will depend on a variety of factors, including the market price of our common stock, general market and economic conditions and applicable legal requirements. The value of shares authorized for repurchase by our Board of Directors does not require us to repurchase such shares or guarantee that such shares will be repurchased, and the Stock Repurchase Program may be suspended, modified, or discontinued at any time without prior notice. No assurance can be given that any particular number or dollar value of our shares will be repurchased. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, we repurchased and subsequently retired 1,413,758 shares of our common stock under the Stock Repurchase Program at a weighted-average share price of \$28.32 for a total cost of \$40.0 million, excluding taxes, commissions, and fees.

Our payment of cash dividends to our stockholders and repurchases of our common stock are each subject to certain covenants under the terms of our Credit Agreement and Senior Notes. Based on our current performance, we do not anticipate that any of these covenants will limit our potential repurchases of our common stock or our payment of dividends at our current rate for the foreseeable future if any dividends are declared by our Board of Directors.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed or furnished with, or incorporated by reference into this report:

Exhibit Number	<u>Description</u>
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of SM Energy Company, as amended through June 1, 2010 (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2010, and incorporated herein by reference)
3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws of SM Energy Company, effective as of February 21, 2017 (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, and incorporated herein by reference)
<u>31.1*</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002
<u>31.2*</u>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002
32.1**	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Schema Document
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101.INS)

^{*} Filed with this report.

^{**} Furnished with this report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SM ENERGY COMPANY

April 28, 2023 By: /s/ HERBERT S. VOGEL

Herbert S. Vogel

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

April 28, 2023 By: /s/ A. WADE PURSELL

A. Wade Pursell

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

April 28, 2023 By: /s/ PATRICK A. LYTLE

Patrick A. Lytle

Vice President - Chief Accounting Officer and Controller

(Principal Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Herbert S. Vogel, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SM Energy Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 28, 2023

/s/ HERBERT S. VOGEL
Herbert S. Vogel
President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

- I, A. Wade Pursell, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SM Energy Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 28, 2023

/s/ A. WADE PURSELL
A. Wade Pursell
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION

PURSUANT TO

18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,

AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of SM Energy Company (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Herbert S. Vogel, as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and A. Wade Pursell, as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to and solely for the purpose of 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge and belief, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ HERBERT S. VOGEL

Herbert S. Vogel President and Chief Executive Officer April 28, 2023

/s/ A. WADE PURSELL

A. Wade Pursell Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer April 28, 2023