UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to ____

Commission File Number 001-31539

SMENERGY

SM ENERGY COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

1700 Lincoln Street, Suite 3200, Denver, Colorado

(Address of principal executive offices)

(303) 861-8140

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.01 par value	SM	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \square No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

> Large accelerated filer \checkmark

> Non-accelerated filer \square

Smaller reporting company

Accelerated filer

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗹

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

As of October 26, 2023, the registrant had 116,313,887 shares of common stock outstanding.

41-0518430

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

80203

(Zip Code)

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Cautionary Information about Forward-Looking Statements

This Report on Form 10-Q ("Form 10-Q" or "this report") contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"). All statements included in this report, other than statements of historical fact, that address activities, conditions, events, or developments with respect to our financial condition, results of operations, business prospects or economic performance that we expect, believe, or anticipate will or may occur in the future, or that address plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "budget," "could," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "goal," "intend," "pending," "plan," "potential," "projected," "target," "will," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements appear throughout this report, and include statements about such matters as:

- business strategies and other plans and objectives for future operations, including plans for expansion and growth of
 operations or to defer capital investment, plans with respect to future dividend payments, debt redemptions or equity
 repurchases, capital markets activities, environmental, social, and governance ("ESG") goals and initiatives, and our outlook
 on our future financial condition or results of operations;
- the amount and nature of future capital expenditures, the resilience of our assets to declining commodity prices, and the availability of liquidity and capital resources to fund capital expenditures;
- our outlook on prices for future crude oil, natural gas, and natural gas liquids (also referred to throughout this report as "oil," "gas," and "NGLs," respectively), well costs, service costs, production costs, and general and administrative costs, and the effects of inflation on each of these;
- armed conflict, political instability, or civil unrest in oil and gas producing regions, including instability in the Middle East, the war between Russia and Ukraine, the related potential effects on laws and regulations, or the imposition of economic or trade sanctions;
- any changes to the borrowing base or aggregate lender commitments under our Seventh Amended and Restated Credit Agreement ("Credit Agreement");
- cash flows, liquidity, interest and related debt service expenses, changes in our effective tax rate, and our ability to repay debt in the future;
- our drilling and completion activities and other exploration and development activities, each of which could be affected by supply chain disruptions and inflation, our ability to obtain permits and governmental approvals, and plans by us, our joint development partners, and/or other third-party operators;
- possible or expected acquisitions and divestitures, including the possible divestiture or farm-out of, or farm-in or joint development of, certain properties;
- oil, gas, and NGL reserve estimates and estimates of both future net revenues and the present value of future net revenues associated with those reserve estimates, as well as the conversion of proved undeveloped reserves to proved developed reserves;
- our expected future production volumes, identified drilling locations, as well as drilling prospects, inventories, projects and programs; and
- other similar matters, such as those discussed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Part I, Item 2 of this report.

Our forward-looking statements are based on assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments, and other factors that we believe are appropriate under the circumstances. We caution you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and these statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which may cause our actual results or performance to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause our financial condition, results of operations, business prospects or economic performance to differ from expectations include the factors discussed in the *Risk Factors* section in Part I, Item 1A of our <u>Annual Report on Form 10-K</u> for the year ended December 31, 2022 ("2022 Form 10-K").

The forward-looking statements in this report speak only as of the filing of this report. Although we may from time to time voluntarily update our prior forward-looking statements, we disclaim any commitment to do so except as required by applicable securities laws.

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except share data)

	Se	ptember 30, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	401,980	\$	444,998
Accounts receivable		264,511		233,297
Derivative assets		25,524		48,677
Prepaid expenses and other		10,537		10,231
Total current assets		702,552		737,203
Property and equipment (successful efforts method):				
Proved oil and gas properties		11,169,443		10,258,368
Accumulated depletion, depreciation, and amortization		(6,680,485)		(6,188,147
Unproved oil and gas properties, net of valuation allowance of \$36,286 and \$38,008, respectively		526,085		487,192
Wells in progress		236,234		287,267
Other property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$59,133 and \$56,512, respectively		41,017		38,099
Total property and equipment, net		5,292,294		4,882,779
Noncurrent assets:				
Derivative assets		5,294		24,465
Other noncurrent assets		78.430		71,592
Total noncurrent assets		83,724		96,057
Total assets	\$,	\$	5,716,039
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	-	0,010,010	—	0,1 10,000
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	540,459	\$	532,289
Derivative liabilities	Ψ	43,152	Ψ	56,181
Other current liabilities		15,473		10,114
Total current liabilities		599,084		598,584
Noncurrent liabilities:		399,004		590,004
Revolving credit facility				
		1 574 552		1 570 010
Senior Notes, net		1,574,553		1,572,210
Asset retirement obligations		115,271		108,233
Deferred income taxes		324,440		280,811
Derivative liabilities		4,595		1,142
Other noncurrent liabilities		56,334		69,601
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,075,193		2,031,997
Commitments and contingencies (note 6)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value - authorized: 200,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 116,313,887 and 121,931,676 shares, respectively		1,163		1,219
Additional paid-in capital		1,581,110		1,779,703
Retained earnings		1,826,002		1,308,558
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,982)		(4,022
Total stockholders' equity		3,404,293		3,085,458
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	6,078,570	\$	5,716,039

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share data)

	Fo	r the Three Septen		F	ths Ended 30,		
		2023	 2022		2023		2022
Operating revenues and other income:							
Oil, gas, and NGL production revenue	\$	639,699	\$ 827,558	\$	1,757,032	\$	2,676,656
Other operating income		1,202	 7,893		8,128		10,673
Total operating revenues and other income		640,901	835,451		1,765,160		2,687,329
Operating expenses:							
Oil, gas, and NGL production expense		138,264	159,961		426,200		470,245
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion		189,353	145,865		501,374		460,169
Exploration		10,245	14,203		43,633		44,117
General and administrative		29,255	28,428		84,424		81,715
Net derivative (gain) loss		75,355	(137,577)		12,352		385,180
Other operating expense, net		2,832	2,290		20,182		9,080
Total operating expenses		445,304	213,170		1,088,165		1,450,506
Income from operations		195,597	622,281		676,995		1,236,823
Interest expense		(23,106)	(22,825)		(67,713)		(97,708)
Interest income		4,106	1,546		13,802		2,080
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_	_		_		(67,605)
Other non-operating expense, net		(233)	(383)		(696)		(1,150)
Income before income taxes		176,364	600,619		622,388		1,072,440
Income tax (expense) benefit		45,979	 (119,379)		(51,619)		(218,951)
Net income	\$	222,343	\$ 481,240	\$	570,769	\$	853,489
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding		117,823	123,195		119,589		122,318
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding		118,328	124,279		120,165		124,233
Basic net income per common share	\$	1.89	\$ 3.91	\$	4.77	\$	6.98
Diluted net income per common share	\$	1.88	\$ 3.87	\$	4.75	\$	6.87
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.15	\$ 0.15	\$	0.45	\$	0.16

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	Fo	For the Three Months Ended September 30,				For the Nine Months End September 30,			
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
Net income	\$	222,343	\$	481,240	\$	570,769	\$	853,489	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:									
Pension liability adjustment		14		182		40		546	
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		14		182		40		546	
Total comprehensive income	\$	222,357	\$	481,422	\$	570,809	\$	854,035	

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except share data and dividends per share)

	Commo	on St	Paid-in					Accumulated Other Comprehensive		Total Stockholders'	
	Shares		Amount		Capital		Earnings		Loss		Equity
Balances, December 31, 2022	121,931,676	\$	1,219	\$	1,779,703	\$	1,308,558	\$	(4,022)	\$	3,085,458
Net income	_		—		—		198,552		_		198,552
Other comprehensive income	—		—		—		—		13		13
Net cash dividends declared, \$0.15 per share	—		_		_		(18,078)		_		(18,078)
Stock-based compensation expense	—		—		4,318		—		—		4,318
Purchase of shares under Stock Repurchase Program	(1,413,758)		(14)		(40,454)						(40,468)
Balances, March 31, 2023	120,517,918	\$	1,205	\$	1,743,567	\$	1,489,032	\$	(4,009)	\$	3,229,795
Net income	_		_		_		149,874		_		149,874
Other comprehensive income	_		_		_		_		13		13
Net cash dividends declared, \$0.15 per share	_		_		_		(17,704)		_		(17,704)
Issuance of common stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan	68,210		1		1,815		_		_		1,816
Issuance of common stock upon vesting of RSUs, net of shares used for tax withholdings	774		_		(7)		_		_		(7)
Stock-based compensation expense	56,872		1		4,162		_		_		4,163
Purchase of shares under Stock Repurchase Program	(2,550,706)		(26)		(69,457)		_		_		(69,483)
Other	19,037		_		_		_				_
Balances, June 30, 2023	118,112,105	\$	1,181	\$	1,680,080	\$	1,621,202	\$	(3,996)	\$	3,298,467
Net income	_		—		_		222,343		_		222,343
Other comprehensive income	_		—		—		—		14		14
Net cash dividends declared, \$0.15 per share	_		_		_		(17,543)		_		(17,543)
Issuance of common stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan	(18)		_		_		_		_		_
Issuance of common stock upon vesting of RSUs, net of shares used for tax withholdings	553,442		6		(7,881)		_		_		(7,875)
Stock-based compensation expense	_				6,038		_		_		6,038
Purchase of shares under Stock Repurchase Program	(2,351,642)		(24)		(97,127)						(97,151)
Balances, September 30, 2023	116,313,887	\$	1,163	\$	1,581,110	\$	1,826,002	\$	(3,982)	\$	3,404,293

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (Continued) (in thousands, except share data and dividends per share)

			Additional Paid-in Retained		Accumulated Other Comprehensive		Total Stockholders'				
	Shares		Amount		Capital	_	Earnings		Loss		Equity
Balances, December 31, 2021	121,862,248	\$	1,219	\$	1,840,228	\$	234,533	\$	(12,849)	\$	2,063,131
Net income	_		_		—		48,764		—		48,764
Other comprehensive income	—		_		_		—		182		182
Net cash dividends declared, \$0.01 per share	_		_		_		(1,218)		_		(1,218)
Issuance of common stock upon vesting of RSUs, net of shares used for tax withholdings	1,929		_		(24)		_		_		(24)
Stock-based compensation expense	_		_		4,274		—		_		4,274
Balances, March 31, 2022	121,864,177	\$	1,219	\$	1,844,478	\$	282,079	\$	(12,667)	\$	2,115,109
Net income	_		_		_		323,485		_		323,485
Other comprehensive income	_		_		_		_		182		182
Issuance of common stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan	65,634		1		1,644		_		_		1,645
Stock-based compensation expense	29,471		_		4,479				_		4,479
Balances, June 30, 2022	121,959,282	\$	1,220	\$	1,850,601	\$	605,564	\$	(12,485)	\$	2,444,900
Net income	_		_		_		481,240		_		481,240
Other comprehensive income	_		_		_		_		182		182
Net cash dividends declared, \$0.15 per share	_		_		_		(18,419)		_		(18,419)
Issuance of common stock upon vesting of RSUs and settlement of PSUs, net of shares used for tax withholdings	1,289,498		13		(25,118)		_		_		(25,105)
Stock-based compensation expense	_		—		5,105		_		_		5,105
Purchase of shares under Stock Repurchase Program	(452,734)		(5)		(20,236)		_		_		(20,241)
Balances, September 30, 2022	122,796,046	\$	1,228	\$	1,810,352	\$	1,068,385	\$	(12,303)	\$	2,867,662

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

	For th	e Nine Months I	s Ended September 30			
		2023		2022		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income	\$	570,769	\$	853,489		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion		501,374		460,169		
Stock-based compensation expense		14,519		13,858		
Net derivative loss		12,352		385,180		
Derivative settlement gain (loss)		20,398		(595,080		
Amortization of debt discount and deferred financing costs		4,114		8,910		
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		67,605		
Deferred income taxes		43,171		202,996		
Other, net		(11,489)		14,134		
Net change in working capital		(57,329)		(13,230)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,097,879		1,398,031		
Cash flows from investing activities:		(766 756)		(501.946)		
Capital expenditures		(766,756)		(591,846)		
Acquisition of proved and unproved oil and gas properties		(109,318)		(7)		
Other, net Net cash used in investing activities		657 (875,417)		(589) (592,442)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(075,417)		(392,442)		
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Cash paid to repurchase Senior Notes		—		(584,946)		
Repurchase of common stock		(205,246)		(20,241)		
Net proceeds from sale of common stock		1,815		1,645		
Dividends paid		(54,167)		(1,218)		
Other, net		(7,882)		(35,110)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(265,480)		(639,870)		
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash		(43,018)		165,719		
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period		444,998		332,716		
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period	\$	401,980	\$	498,435		
Supplemental schedule of additional cash flow information and non-cash activi	ties:					
Operating activities:						
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest	\$	(77,514)	\$	(125,668)		
Net cash paid for income taxes	\$	(6,176)		(120,506)		
Investing activities:	Ŧ	(0,0)	Ŧ	(10,000)		
Changes in capital expenditure accruals and other	\$	35,683	\$	50,590		
	Ψ	00,000	Ψ	00,000		

⁽¹⁾ Please refer to *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* for discussion of the debt transactions executed during the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

SM ENERGY COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Operations

SM Energy Company, together with its consolidated subsidiaries ("SM Energy" or the "Company"), is an independent energy company engaged in the acquisition, exploration, development, and production of oil, gas, and NGLs in the state of Texas.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") for interim financial information, the instructions to Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and Regulation S-X. These financial statements do not include all information and notes required by GAAP for annual financial statements. However, except as disclosed herein, there has been no material change in the information disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the <u>2022 Form 10-K</u>. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of interim financial information, have been included. Operating results for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of expected results for the full year. In connection with the preparation of the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date of September 30, 2023, and through the filing of this report. Additionally, certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed by the Company are set forth in *Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* in the <u>2022 Form 10-K</u> and are supplemented by the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the <u>2022 Form 10-K</u>.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In October 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2023-06, Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative ("ASU 2023-06"). ASU 2023-06 was issued to modify the disclosure or presentation requirements of a variety of topics in the codification. The effective date for each amendment will be the date on which the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") removal of the related disclosure from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K becomes effective, with early adoption prohibited. The Company is evaluating the impact of ASU 2023-06 on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures but does not expect the impact to be material.

As of September 30, 2023, and through the filing of this report, no other new accounting standards have been issued and not yet adopted that are applicable to the Company and that would have a material effect on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Note 2 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company recognizes its share of revenue from the sale of produced oil, gas, and NGLs from its Midland Basin and South Texas assets. Oil, gas, and NGL production revenue presented within the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations ("accompanying statements of operations") reflects revenue generated from contracts with customers.

The tables below present oil, gas, and NGL production revenue by product type for each of the Company's operating areas for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022:

	Midlan	d Basin	South Texas	s <u> </u>	Total				
		nths Ended nber 30,	Three Months E September 3		onths Ended mber 30,				
	2023	2022	2023 2	2022 2023	2022				
			(in thousand	s)					
Oil production revenue	\$ 369,858	\$ 420,838	\$ 129,376 \$ 10	05,095 \$ 499,234	\$ 525,933				
Gas production revenue	45,215	123,912	36,592 11	10,641 81,807	234,553				
NGL production revenue	175	315	58,483 6	66,757 58,658	67,072				
Total	\$ 415,248	\$ 545,065	\$ 224,451 \$ 28	82,493 \$ 639,699	\$ 827,558				
Relative percentage	65 %	66 %	35 %	34 % 100%	6 100%				

	Midlan	d Basin	South	Texas	Total			
		ths Ended nber 30,		iths Ended nber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
			(in tho	usands)				
Oil production revenue	\$ 992,867	\$1,449,660	\$ 350,598	\$ 350,594	\$1,343,465	\$1,800,254		
Gas production revenue	131,804	363,728	113,461	282,201	245,265	645,929		
NGL production revenue	563	597	167,739	229,876	168,302	230,473		
Total	\$1,125,234	\$1,813,985	\$ 631,798	\$ 862,671	\$1,757,032	\$2,676,656		
Relative percentage	64 %	68 %	36 %	32 %	100%	100%		

The Company recognizes oil, gas, and NGL production revenue at the point in time when custody and title ("control") of the product transfers to the purchaser, which differs depending on the applicable contractual terms. Transfer of control drives the presentation of transportation, gathering, processing, and other post-production expenses ("fees and other deductions") within the accompanying statements of operations. Fees and other deductions incurred by the Company prior to transfer of control are recorded within the oil, gas, and NGL production expense line item on the accompanying statements of operations. When control is transferred at or near the wellhead, sales are based on a wellhead market price that may be affected by fees and other deductions incurred by the purchaser subsequent to the transfer of control.

Revenue is recorded in the month when performance obligations are satisfied. However, settlement statements from the purchasers of hydrocarbons and the related cash consideration are received 30 to 90 days after production has occurred. As a result, the Company must estimate the amount of production delivered to the customer and the consideration that will ultimately be received for sale of the product. Estimated revenue due to the Company is recorded within the accounts receivable line item on the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets ("accompanying balance sheets") until payment is received. The accounts receivable balances from contracts with customers within the accounts receivable from contracts with customers within the accounts receivable from contracts with customers within the accounts receivable from contracts with customers, the Company uses knowledge of its properties, historical performance, contractual arrangements, index pricing, quality and transportation differentials, and other factors as the basis for these estimates. Differences between estimates and actual amounts received for product sales are recorded in the month that payment is received from the purchaser. The time period between production and satisfaction of performance obligations is generally less than one day, therefore there are no material unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations at the end of the reporting period.

Please refer to Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Note 2 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers in the 2022 Form 10-K for more information regarding the Company's revenue recognition policy and the types of contracts under which oil, gas, and NGL production revenue is generated.

Note 3 - Equity

Stock Repurchase Program

During 2022, the Company's Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to \$500.0 million in aggregate value of its common stock through December 31, 2024 ("Stock Repurchase Program"). The Stock Repurchase Program permits the Company to repurchase shares of its common stock from time to time in open market transactions,

through privately negotiated transactions or by other means in accordance with federal securities laws and subject to certain provisions of the Credit Agreement and the indentures governing the Senior Notes, as defined in *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt*. Please refer to *Note 3 - Equity* in the <u>2022 Form 10-K</u> for additional information regarding the Company's Stock Repurchase Program.

The following table presents the Company's common stock repurchase activity for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			For the Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2023		2022		2023		2022
		(in th	ousands, exc	ept	per share data	a)	
Shares of common stock repurchased (1)		2,352		453		6,316		453
Weighted-average price per share (2)	\$	40.97	\$	44.69	\$	32.48	\$	44.69
Cost of shares of common stock repurchased ^{(2) (3)}	\$	96,336	\$	20,232	\$	205,120	\$	20,232

⁽¹⁾ All repurchased shares of the Company's common stock were retired upon repurchase.

⁽²⁾ Amounts exclude excise taxes, commissions, and fees.

⁽³⁾ Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

As of September 30, 2023, \$237.7 million remained available for repurchases of the Company's outstanding common stock under the Stock Repurchase Program.

Note 4 - Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, consisted of the following:

	F	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					Months Ended nber 30,		
	2023			2022		2023		2022	
				(in tho	usan	ds)			
Current portion of income tax expense:									
Federal	\$	(3,923)	\$	(7,014)	\$	(6,732)	\$	(11,287)	
State		(1,173)		(2,317)		(1,716)		(4,668)	
Deferred portion of income tax (expense) benefit		51,075		(110,048)		(43,171)		(202,996)	
Income tax (expense) benefit	\$	45,979	\$	(119,379)	\$	(51,619)	\$	(218,951)	
Effective tax rate		(26.1)%	,	19.9 %)	8.3 %		20.4 %	

Income tax expense or benefit differs from the amount that would be calculated by applying the statutory United States federal income tax rate to income or loss before income taxes. These differences primarily relate to the effect of state income taxes, excess tax benefits and deficiencies from stock-based compensation awards, tax deduction limitations on the compensation of covered individuals, benefits from qualifying credits, changes in valuation allowances, the cumulative effect of other smaller permanent differences, and can also reflect the cumulative effect of an enacted tax rate change, in the period of enactment, on the Company's net deferred tax asset and liability balances. The quarterly effective tax rate and the resulting income tax expense or benefit can also be affected by the proportional effects of forecast net income or loss and the correlative effect on the valuation allowance for each of the periods presented in the table above.

The Company commissioned a multi-year research and development ("R&D") credit study in 2022, which was completed during the third quarter of 2023, and resulted in a favorable adjustment to the Company's effective tax rate and a reduction of the Company's 2022 and expected 2023 tax obligations. After utilizing a portion of the credits for the 2022 and 2023 tax years, the recorded net carryover R&D credit, as of September 30, 2023, expected to be utilized in future periods totaled \$52.3 million.

For all years before 2019, the Company is generally no longer subject to United States federal or state income tax examinations by tax authorities.

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

Credit Agreement

The Company's Credit Agreement provides for a senior secured revolving credit facility with a maximum loan amount of \$3.0 billion. As of September 30, 2023, the borrowing base and aggregate lender commitments under the Credit Agreement were \$2.5 billion and \$1.25 billion, respectively. Subsequent to September 30, 2023, the semi-annual borrowing base redetermination was completed, which reaffirmed both the Company's borrowing base and aggregate lender commitments at existing amounts. The next scheduled borrowing base redetermination date is April 1, 2024. The Credit Agreement is scheduled to mature on the earlier of (a) August 2, 2027 ("Stated Maturity Date"), or (b) 91 days prior to the maturity date of any of the Company's outstanding Senior Notes, as defined below, to the extent that, on or before such date, the respective Senior Notes have not been repaid, exchanged, repurchased, refinanced, or otherwise redeemed in full, and, if refinanced or exchanged, with a scheduled maturity date that is not earlier than at least 180 days after the Stated Maturity Date.

Interest and commitment fees associated with the revolving credit facility are accrued based on a borrowing base utilization grid set forth in the Credit Agreement, as presented in *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* in the <u>2022 Form 10-K</u>. At the Company's election, borrowings under the Credit Agreement may be in the form of Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), Alternate Base Rate ("ABR"), or Swingline loans. SOFR loans accrue interest at SOFR plus the applicable margin from the utilization grid, and ABR and Swingline loans accrue interest at a market-based floating rate, plus the applicable margin from the utilization grid. Commitment fees are accrued on the unused portion of the aggregate lender commitment amount at rates from the utilization grid.

The following table presents the outstanding balance, total amount of letters of credit outstanding, and available borrowing capacity under the Credit Agreement as of October 26, 2023, September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022:

	As of October 26, 2023 A			of September 30, 2023	As of December 31, 2022		
Revolving credit facility ⁽¹⁾	\$	—	\$	—	\$	_	
Letters of credit ⁽²⁾		2,500		2,500		6,000	
Available borrowing capacity		1,247,500		1,247,500		1,244,000	
Total aggregate lender commitment amount	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,250,000	

⁽¹⁾ Unamortized deferred financing costs attributable to the revolving credit facility are presented as a component of the other noncurrent assets line item on the accompanying balance sheets and totaled \$9.1 million and \$10.8 million as of September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, respectively. These costs are being amortized over the term of the revolving credit facility on a straight-line basis.

⁽²⁾ Letters of credit outstanding reduce the amount available under the revolving credit facility on a dollar-for-dollar basis.

Senior Notes

The Company's Senior Notes, net line item on the accompanying balance sheets as of September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, consisted of the following (collectively referred to as "Senior Notes"):

	As of September 30, 2023						As of December 31, 2022					
	Principal Amount		Unamortized Deferred Financing Principal Costs Amount, Net		Deferred Principal Financing Principal Principal		Unamortized Deferred Principal Financing Amount Costs			Principal nount, Net		
						(in thou	usands)					
5.625% Senior Notes due 2025	\$	349,118	\$	1,054	\$	348,064	\$	349,118	\$	1,528	\$	347,590
6.75% Senior Notes due 2026		419,235		2,044		417,191		419,235		2,569		416,666
6.625% Senior Notes due 2027		416,791		2,589		414,202		416,791		3,172		413,619
6.5% Senior Notes due 2028		400,000		4,904		395,096		400,000		5,665		394,335
Total	\$	1,585,144	\$	10,591	\$	1,574,553	\$	1,585,144	\$	12,934	\$	1,572,210

The Senior Notes are unsecured senior obligations and rank equal in right of payment with all of the Company's existing and any future unsecured senior debt and are senior in right of payment to any future subordinated debt. The Company may redeem some or all of its Senior Notes prior to their maturity at redemption prices that may include a premium, plus accrued and unpaid interest as described in the indentures governing the Senior Notes.

On February 14, 2022, the Company redeemed the remaining \$104.8 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its 5.0% Senior Notes due 2024 ("2024 Senior Notes"), with cash on hand, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the 2024 Senior Notes which provided for a redemption price equal to 100 percent of the principal amount of the 2024 Senior Notes on the date of redemption, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The Company canceled all redeemed 2024 Senior Notes upon settlement.

Please refer to Note 5 - Long-Term Debt in the 2022 Form 10-K for additional detail on the Company's Senior Notes.

Senior Secured Notes

On June 17, 2022, the Company redeemed all of the \$446.7 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of its 10.0% Senior Secured Notes due 2025 ("2025 Senior Secured Notes"), with cash on hand, at a redemption price equal to 107.5 percent of the principal amount outstanding on the date of the redemption, plus accrued and unpaid interest. Upon redemption, the Company recorded a net loss on extinguishment of debt of \$67.2 million, which included \$33.5 million of premium paid, \$26.3 million of accelerated expense recognition of the remaining unamortized debt discount, and \$7.4 million of accelerated expense recognition of the remaining unamortized all redeemed 2025 Senior Secured Notes upon settlement.

Covenants

The Company is subject to certain financial and non-financial covenants under the Credit Agreement and the indentures governing the Senior Notes that, among other terms, limit the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, make restricted payments including dividends, sell assets, create liens that secure debt, enter into transactions with affiliates, and merge or consolidate with other entities. The Company was in compliance with all financial and non-financial covenants as of September 30, 2023, and through the filing of this report. Please refer to *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* in the <u>2022 Form 10-K</u> for additional detail on the Company's covenants under the Credit Agreement and indentures governing the Senior Notes.

Capitalized Interest

Capitalized interest costs for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, totaled \$4.9 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, and totaled \$16.3 million and \$12.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. The amount of interest the Company capitalizes generally fluctuates based on the amount borrowed, the Company's capital program, and the timing and amount of costs associated with capital projects that are considered in progress. Capitalized interest costs are included in total costs incurred.

Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

Other than those items discussed below, there have been no changes in commitments through the filing of this report that differ materially from those disclosed in the <u>2022 Form 10-K</u>. Please refer to *Note 6 - Commitments and Contingencies* in the <u>2022</u>. Form 10-K for additional discussion of the Company's commitments.

Drilling Rig Service Contracts. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company entered into a new drilling rig contract, and amended certain of its existing drilling rig contracts to extend contract terms resulting in changes to day rates and potential early termination fees. As of September 30, 2023, the Company's drilling rig commitments totaled \$34.9 million under contract terms extending through the third quarter of 2024. If all of these contracts were terminated as of September 30, 2023, the Company would avoid a portion of the contractual service commitments; however, the Company would be required to pay \$22.0 million in early termination fees. No early termination penalties or standby fees were incurred by the Company during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and the Company does not expect to incur material penalties with regard to its drilling rig contracts during the remainder of 2023.

Electrical Power Purchase Contracts. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company amended certain of its fixed price contracts for the purchase of electrical power to extend contract terms through March of 2029, with a total remaining obligation of \$43.9 million as of September 30, 2023.

Contingencies

The Company is subject to litigation and claims arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company accrues for such items when a liability is both probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. In the opinion of management, the anticipated results of any pending litigation and claims are not expected to have a material effect on the results of operations, the financial position, or the cash flows of the Company.

Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments

Summary of Oil, Gas, and NGL Derivative Contracts in Place

The Company regularly enters into commodity derivative contracts to mitigate a portion of its exposure to oil, gas, and NGL price volatility and location differentials, and the associated effect on cash flows. All commodity derivative contracts that the Company enters into are for other-than-trading purposes. The Company's commodity derivative contracts consist of price swap and collar arrangements for oil and gas production, and price swap arrangements for NGL production. In a typical commodity swap agreement, if the agreed upon published third-party index price ("index price") is lower than the swap price, the Company receives the difference between the index price and the agreed upon swap price. If the index price is higher than the swap price, the Company pays the difference. For collar arrangements, the Company receives the difference between an agreed upon index price and the floor price if the index price is below the floor price. The Company pays the difference between the agreed upon ceiling price and the index price if the index price is above the ceiling price. No amounts are paid or received if the index price is between the floor and ceiling prices.

The Company has entered into fixed price oil and gas basis swaps in order to mitigate exposure to adverse pricing differentials between certain industry benchmark prices and the actual physical pricing points where the Company's production is sold. As of September 30, 2023, the Company had basis swap contracts with fixed price differentials between:

- NYMEX WTI and Argus WTI Midland ("WTI Midland") for a portion of its Midland Basin oil production with sales contracts that settle at WTI Midland prices;
- NYMEX WTI and Argus WTI Houston Magellan East Houston Terminal ("WTI Houston MEH") for a portion of its South Texas oil production with sales contracts that settle at WTI Houston MEH prices;
- NYMEX Henry Hub ("HH") and Inside FERC Houston Ship Channel ("IF HSC") for a portion of its South Texas gas production with sales contracts that settle at IF HSC prices; and
- NYMEX HH and Inside FERC West Texas ("IF Waha") for a portion of its Midland Basin gas production with sales contracts that settle at IF Waha prices.

The Company has also entered into oil swap contracts to fix the differential in pricing between the NYMEX calendar month average and the physical crude oil delivery month ("Roll Differential") in which the Company pays the periodic variable Roll Differential and receives a weighted-average fixed price differential. The weighted-average fixed price differential represents the amount of net addition (reduction) to delivery month prices for the notional volumes covered by the swap contracts.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company had commodity derivative contracts outstanding through the fourth quarter of 2025 as summarized in the table below:

	 Contract Period					
	ourth Irter 2023		2024		2025	
il Derivatives (volumes in MBbl and prices in \$ per Bbl):						
Swaps						
NYMEX WTI Volumes	837		—		_	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$ 65.91	\$	_	\$	_	
ICE Brent Volumes	920		910		-	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$ 86.50	\$	85.50	\$	_	
Collars						
NYMEX WTI Volumes	_		3,993			
Weighted-Average Floor Price	\$ —	\$	70.01	\$	_	
Weighted-Average Ceiling Price	\$ _	\$	84.69	\$	_	
Basis Swaps						
WTI Midland-NYMEX WTI Volumes	1,294		4,857		_	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$ 0.88	\$	1.21	\$	-	
WTI Houston MEH-NYMEX WTI Volumes	296		1,190		_	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$ 1.53	\$	1.82	\$	_	
Roll Differential Swaps						
NYMEX WTI Volumes	1,446		7,048		-	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$ 0.62	\$	0.57	\$	-	
Gas Derivatives (volumes in BBtu and prices in \$ per MMBtu):						
Swaps						
NYMEX HH Volumes			4,185		5,89	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$ _	\$	3.20	\$	4.2	
Collars						
NYMEX HH Volumes	8,362		22,342		11,72	
Weighted-Average Floor Price	\$ 3.90	\$	3.61	\$	3.5	
Weighted-Average Ceiling Price	\$ 5.70	\$	5.76	\$	5.0	
IF HSC Volumes	1,451		_		-	
Weighted-Average Floor Price	\$ 4.25	\$	—	\$	-	
Weighted-Average Ceiling Price	\$ 5.55	\$	_	\$	-	
Basis Swaps						
IF Waha-NYMEX HH Volumes	2,337		20,958		20,50	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$ (1.01)	\$	(0.86)	\$	(0.6	
IF HSC-NYMEX HH Volumes	2,008		15,898		_	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$ (0.25)	\$	(0.27)	\$	-	
NGL Derivatives (volumes in MBbl and prices in \$ per Bbl):						
Swaps						
OPIS Propane Mont Belvieu Non-TET Volumes	187		—		_	
Weighted-Average Contract Price	\$ 36.66	\$	_	\$	_	

Commodity Derivative Contracts Entered Into Subsequent to September 30, 2023

Subsequent to September 30, 2023, the Company entered into a NYMEX WTI Roll Differential swap contract for the fourth quarter of 2023 for a total of 0.6 MMBbl of oil production at a contract price of \$1.59 per Bbl.

Derivative Assets and Liabilities Fair Value

The Company's commodity derivatives are measured at fair value and are included in the accompanying balance sheets as derivative assets and liabilities, with the exception of derivative instruments that meet the "normal purchase normal sale" exclusion. The Company does not designate its commodity derivative contracts as hedging instruments. The fair value of commodity derivative contracts was a net liability of \$16.9 million as of September 30, 2023, and a net asset of \$15.8 million as of December 31, 2022.

The following table details the fair value of commodity derivative contracts recorded in the accompanying balance sheets, by category:

	As of Se	As of September 30, 2023 As of December						
	(in thousands)							
Derivative assets:								
Current assets	\$	25,524	\$	48,677				
Noncurrent assets		5,294		24,465				
Total derivative assets	\$	30,818	\$	73,142				
Derivative liabilities:								
Current liabilities	\$	43,152	\$	56,181				
Noncurrent liabilities		4,595		1,142				
Total derivative liabilities	\$	47,747	\$	57,323				

Offsetting of Derivative Assets and Liabilities

As of September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, all derivative instruments held by the Company were subject to master netting arrangements with various financial institutions. In general, the terms of the Company's agreements provide for offsetting of amounts payable or receivable between it and the counterparty, at the election of both parties, for transactions that settle on the same date and in the same currency. The Company's agreements also provide that in the event of an early termination, the counterparties have the right to offset amounts owed or owing under that and any other agreement with the same counterparty. The Company's accounting policy is to not offset these positions in its accompanying balance sheets.

The following table provides a reconciliation between the gross assets and liabilities reflected on the accompanying balance sheets and the potential effects of master netting arrangements on the fair value of the Company's commodity derivative contracts:

		Derivative A	lsse	ts as of		Derivative Lia	abilities as of			
	September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		September 30, 2023		De	ecember 31, 2022		
	(in thousands)									
Gross amounts presented in the accompanying balance sheets	\$	30,818	\$	73,142	\$	(47,747)	\$	(57,323)		
Amounts not offset in the accompanying balance sheets		(26,940)		(26,136)		26,940		26,136		
Net amounts	\$	3,878	\$	47,006	\$	(20,807)	\$	(31,187)		

The following table summarizes the commodity components of the derivative settlement (gain) loss, and the net derivative (gain) loss line items presented within the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of cash flows ("accompanying statements of operations, respectively:

	F	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					For the Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2023		2022		2023		2022			
				(in thou	Isan	ds)					
Derivative settlement (gain) loss:											
Oil contracts	\$	13,446	\$	120,430	\$	20,144	\$	428,811			
Gas contracts		(11,643)		61,981		(37,495)		142,369			
NGL contracts		(1,489)		3,888		(3,047)		23,900			
Total derivative settlement (gain) loss	\$	314	\$	186,299	\$	(20,398)	\$	595,080			
Net derivative (gain) loss:											
Oil contracts	\$	77,857	\$	(180,300)	\$	31,172	\$	235,023			
Gas contracts		(4,437)		47,973		(14,655)		142,695			
NGL contracts		1,935		(5,250)		(4,165)		7,462			
Total net derivative (gain) loss	\$	75,355	\$	(137,577)	\$	12,352	\$	385,180			

Credit Related Contingent Features

As of September 30, 2023, all of the Company's derivative counterparties were members of the Credit Agreement lender group. The Company does not enter into derivative contracts with counterparties that are not part of the lender group. Under the Credit Agreement, the Company is required to provide mortgage liens on assets having a value equal to at least 85 percent of the total PV-9, as defined in the Credit Agreement, of the Company's proved oil and gas properties evaluated in the most recent reserve report. Collateral securing indebtedness under the Credit Agreement also secures the Company's derivative agreement obligations.

Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements

The Company follows fair value measurement accounting guidance for all assets and liabilities measured at fair value. This guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Market or observable inputs are the preferred sources of values, followed by assumptions based on hypothetical transactions in the absence of market inputs. The fair value hierarchy for grouping these assets and liabilities is based on the significance level of the following inputs:

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-derived valuations whose inputs are observable or whose significant value drivers are observable
- Level 3 significant inputs to the valuation model are unobservable

The following table is a listing of the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in the accompanying balance sheets and where they are classified within the fair value hierarchy:

		As of September 30, 2023						As of December 31, 2022				
	Lev	el 1	Leve	el 2	Lev	vel 3	Le	evel 1	L	.evel 2	L	.evel 3
						(in thou	sands	5)				
Assets:												
Derivatives (1)	\$		\$3	0,818	\$		\$		\$	73,142	\$	_
Liabilities:												
Derivatives ⁽¹⁾	\$	—	\$ 4	7,747	\$	—	\$	—	\$	57,323	\$	—

⁽¹⁾ This represents a financial asset or liability that is measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities are categorized within the above fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used by the Company as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the above fair value hierarchy.

Derivatives

The Company uses Level 2 inputs to measure the fair value of oil, gas, and NGL commodity derivatives. Fair values are based upon interpolated data. The Company derives internal valuation estimates taking into consideration forward commodity price curves, counterparties' credit ratings, the Company's credit rating, and the time value of money. These valuations are then compared to the respective counterparties' mark-to-market statements. The considered factors result in an estimated exit price that management believes provides a reasonable and consistent methodology for valuing derivative instruments. The commodity derivative instruments utilized by the Company are not considered by management to be complex, structured, or illiquid. The oil, gas, and NGL commodity derivative markets are highly active. Please refer to *Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments* in this report, and to *Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements* and *Note 10 - Derivative Financial Instruments* in the <u>2022 Form 10-K</u> for more information regarding the Company's derivative instruments.

Long-Term Debt

The following table reflects the fair value of the Company's Senior Notes obligations measured using Level 1 inputs based on quoted secondary market trading prices. These notes were not presented at fair value on the accompanying balance sheets as of September 30, 2023, or December 31, 2022, as they were recorded at carrying value, net of any unamortized deferred financing costs. Please refer to *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* above for additional information.

	A	As of September 30, 2023					As of December 31, 2022				
	Princi	Principal Amount		Fair Value		cipal Amount		Fair Value			
				s)							
5.625% Senior Notes due 2025	\$	349,118	\$	341,671	\$	349,118	\$	337,821			
6.75% Senior Notes due 2026	\$	419,235	\$	411,898	\$	419,235	\$	409,484			
6.625% Senior Notes due 2027	\$	416,791	\$	408,168	\$	416,791	\$	402,120			
6.5% Senior Notes due 2028	\$	400,000	\$	383,128	\$	400,000	\$	384,520			

Note 9 - Earnings Per Share

Basic net income or loss per common share is calculated by dividing net income or loss available to common stockholders by the basic weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the respective period. Diluted net income or loss per common share is calculated by dividing net income or loss available to common stockholders by the diluted weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, which includes the effect of potentially dilutive securities. Potentially dilutive securities for this calculation consist primarily of non-vested restricted stock units ("RSU" or "RSUs") and contingent performance share units ("PSU" or "PSUs"), which were measured using the treasury stock method. Please refer to *Note 10 - Compensation Plans* in this report and *Note 9 - Earnings Per Share* in the <u>2022 Form 10-K</u> for additional detail on these potentially dilutive securities.

The following table sets forth the calculations of basic and diluted net income per common share:

	Fo	r the Three Septen			F	or the Nine I Septerr				
	2023			2022		2023		2022		
	(in thousands, except per share data)									
Net income	\$	222,343	\$	481,240	\$	570,769	\$	853,489		
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding		117,823		123,195		119,589		122,318		
Dilutive effect of non-vested RSUs, contingent PSUs, and other		505		1,084		576		1,915		
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding		118,328		124,279		120,165		124,233		
Basic net income per common share	\$	1.89	\$	3.91	\$	4.77	\$	6.98		
Diluted net income per common share	\$	1.88	\$	3.87	\$	4.75	\$	6.87		

Note 10 - Compensation Plans

The Company may grant various types of both short-term and long-term incentive-based awards under its compensation plans, such as cash awards, performance-based cash awards, and equity awards to eligible employees. Additionally, the Company grants stock-based compensation to its Board of Directors and provides an employee stock purchase plan. As of September 30, 2023, approximately 2.8 million shares of common stock were available for grant under the Company's Equity Incentive Compensation Plan ("Equity Plan").

Performance Share Units

The Company has granted PSUs to eligible employees as part of its Equity Plan. The number of shares of the Company's common stock issued to settle PSUs ranges from zero to two times the number of PSUs awarded and is determined based on certain criteria over a three-year performance period. PSUs generally vest on the third anniversary of the date of the grant or upon other triggering events as set forth in the Equity Plan.

For PSUs granted in 2022 and 2023, which the Company determined to be equity awards, settlement will be determined based on a combination of the following criteria measured over the three-year performance period: the Company's Total Shareholder Return ("TSR") relative to the TSR of certain peer companies, the Company's absolute TSR, free cash flow ("FCF") generation, and the achievement of certain ESG targets, in each case as defined by the award agreement. The Company initially records compensation expense associated with the issuance of PSUs based on the fair value of the awards as of the grant date. As a portion of these awards depends on performance-based settlement criteria, compensation expense may be adjusted in future periods as the expected number of shares of the Company's common stock issued to settle the units increases or decreases based on the Company's expected FCF generation and achievement of certain ESG targets. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company granted a total of 256,633 PSUs with a grant date fair value of \$7.7 million.

Compensation expense for PSUs is recognized within general and administrative expense and exploration expense over the vesting periods of the respective awards. Total compensation expense recorded for PSUs was \$1.0 million and \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and \$1.8 million and \$2.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. As of September 30, 2023, there was \$9.9 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested PSUs, which is being amortized through mid-2026.

A summary of activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, is presented in the following table:

	PSUs ⁽¹⁾	Weighted-Av Grant-Date Fai	verage r Value ⁽²⁾
Non-vested at beginning of year	273,258	\$	26.67
Granted	256,633	\$	29.93
Vested	—	\$	
Forfeited	(31,918)	\$	25.99
Non-vested at end of quarter	497,973	\$	27.75

⁽¹⁾ The number of shares of common stock assumes a multiplier of one. The actual final number of shares of common stock to be issued will range from zero to two times the number of PSUs awarded depending on the three-year performance multiplier.

⁽²⁾ Amounts represent price per unit.

Restricted Stock Units

The Company has granted RSUs to eligible employees as part of its Equity Plan. Each RSU represents a right to receive one share of the Company's common stock upon settlement of the award at the end of the specified vesting period. RSUs generally vest in one-third increments on each anniversary date of the grant over the applicable vesting period or upon other triggering events as set forth in the Equity Plan.

The Company records compensation expense associated with the issuance of RSUs based on the fair value of the awards as of the date of grant. The fair value of an RSU is equal to the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant. Compensation expense for RSUs is recognized within general and administrative expense and exploration expense over the vesting periods of the respective awards. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company granted to employees a total of 620,420 RSUs with a grant date fair value of \$19.8 million, and the Company settled RSUs upon vesting of awards granted in previous years. The Company and a majority of eligible recipients mutually agreed to net share settle a portion of the awards to cover income and payroll tax withholdings, as provided for in the Equity Plan and applicable award agreements. After withholding 249,233 shares to satisfy income and payroll tax withholding obligations, the Company issued 554,216 shares of common stock in accordance with the terms of the applicable award agreements during the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Total compensation expense recorded for RSUs was \$4.1 million and \$3.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and \$10.8 million and \$10.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. As of September 30, 2023, there was \$30.0 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested RSUs, which is being amortized through mid-2026.

A summary of activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, is presented in the following table:

	RSUs	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value (1)
Non-vested at beginning of year	1,375,052	\$ 22.42
Granted	620,420	\$ 31.92
Vested	(803,449)	\$ 16.72
Forfeited	(98,766)	\$ 28.86
Non-vested at end of quarter	1,093,257	\$ 31.42

⁽¹⁾ Amounts represent price per unit.

Director Shares

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, the Company issued a total of 56,872 and 29,471 shares, respectively, of its common stock as compensation to its non-employee directors under the Equity Plan. Shares issued during 2023 will fully vest on December 31, 2023, and shares issued during 2022 fully vested on December 31, 2022.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

Under the Company's Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"), eligible employees may purchase shares of the Company's common stock through payroll deductions of up to 15 percent of eligible compensation, subject to a maximum of 2,500 shares per offering period and a maximum of \$25,000 in value related to purchases for each calendar year. The purchase price of the common stock is 85 percent of the lower of the trading price of the common stock on either the first or last day of the six-month offering period. The ESPP is intended to qualify as an "employee stock purchase plan" under Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code. There were a total of 68,192 and 65,634 shares issued under the ESPP during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Total proceeds to the Company for the issuance of these shares was \$1.8 million and \$1.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. The fair value of ESPP grants is measured at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

Please refer to Note 7 - Compensation Plans in the 2022 Form 10-K for additional detail on the Company's compensation plans.

Note 11 - Acquisitions

Acquisitions

On June 30, 2023, the Company acquired approximately 20,000 net acres of oil and gas properties located in Dawson and northern Martin Counties, Texas. Total consideration paid after purchase price adjustments was \$88.9 million. Under authoritative accounting guidance, this transaction was considered to be an asset acquisition. Therefore, the properties were recorded based on the total consideration paid after purchase price adjustments and the transaction costs were capitalized as a component of the cost of the assets acquired.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion includes forward-looking statements. Please refer to the *Cautionary Information about Forward-Looking Statements* section of this report for important information about these types of statements. Additionally, the following discussion includes sequential quarterly comparison to the financial information presented in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the <u>quarter ended June 30, 2023</u>, filed with the SEC on August 3, 2023. Throughout the following discussion, we explain changes between the three months ended September 30, 2023, and the three months ended June 30, 2023 ("sequential quarterly" or "sequentially"), as well as the year-to-date ("YTD") change between the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and the nine months ended September 30, 2023 ("YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022").

Overview of the Company

General Overview

Our purpose is to make people's lives better by responsibly producing energy supplies, contributing to domestic energy security and prosperity, and having a positive impact in the communities where we live and work. Our long-term vision is to sustainably grow value for all of our stakeholders by maintaining and optimizing our high-quality asset portfolio, generating cash flows, and maintaining a strong balance sheet. Our strategy is to be a premier operator of top-tier oil and gas assets. Our team executes this strategy by prioritizing safety, technological innovation, and stewardship of natural resources, all of which are integral to our corporate culture. Our near-term goals include returning value to stockholders through our Stock Repurchase Program and fixed dividend payments, and focusing on continued operational excellence.

Our asset portfolio is comprised of high-quality assets in the Midland Basin of West Texas and in the Maverick Basin of South Texas that are capable of generating strong returns in the current macroeconomic environment and provide resilience to commodity price risk and volatility. We remain focused on maximizing returns and increasing the value of our top-tier assets through disciplined capital spending, strategic acreage acquisitions, and continued development and optimization of our existing assets. We believe that our high-quality asset base provides for a sustainable approach to prioritizing operational execution, maintaining a strong balance sheet, generating cash flows, returning capital to stockholders, and maintaining strong financial flexibility.

We are committed to exceptional safety, health, and environmental stewardship; supporting the professional development of a diverse and thriving team of employees; building and maintaining partnerships with our stakeholders by investing in and connecting with the communities where we live and work; and transparency in reporting on our progress in these areas. The Environmental, Social and Governance Committee of our Board of Directors oversees, among other things, the development and implementation of the Company's ESG policies, programs, and initiatives, and together with management reports to our Board of Directors regarding such matters. Further demonstrating our commitment to sustainable operations and environmental stewardship, compensation for our executives and eligible employees under our long-term incentive plan, and compensation for all employees under our short-term incentive plan is calculated based on, in part, certain Company-wide, performance-based metrics that include key financial, operational, environmental, health, and safety measures.

We are impacted by global commodity and financial markets that remain subject to heightened levels of uncertainty and volatility. While the United States inflation rate has decreased since the beginning of the year and the average rate of inflation in 2023 is lower than it was in 2022, inflation continues to impact certain aspects of our business. Tightening of monetary policy by the United States Federal Reserve, declining global oil inventory in storage, continued oil production curtailment agreements among the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries ("OPEC") plus other non-OPEC oil producing countries (collectively referred to as "OPEC+"), instability in the Middle East, and economic and trade sanctions associated with the war between Russia and Ukraine have driven commodity price volatility, contributed to instances of supply chain disruptions and a rise in interest rates, and could have further industry-specific impacts that may require us to adjust our business plan. For additional detail, please refer to the *Risk Factors* section in Part I, Item 1A of our <u>2022 Form 10-K</u>. Despite continuing uncertainty, we expect to maximize the value of our high-quality asset base and sustain strong operational performance and financial stability. We remain focused on returning capital to stockholders through cash flow generation.

Areas of Operations

Our Midland Basin assets are comprised of approximately 110,000 net acres located in the Permian Basin in West Texas ("Midland Basin"). In the third quarter of 2023, drilling and completion activities within our RockStar and Sweetie Peck positions continued to focus primarily on development optimization of our Midland Basin position. Our Midland Basin position provides substantial future development opportunities within multiple oil-rich intervals, including the Spraberry and Wolfcamp formations.

Our South Texas assets are comprised of approximately 155,000 net acres located in Dimmit and Webb Counties, Texas ("South Texas"). In the third quarter of 2023, we focused our operations in South Texas on production from both the Austin Chalk formation and Eagle Ford shale formation, development of the Eagle Ford shale formation, and development and further delineation of the Austin Chalk formation. Our overlapping acreage position in the Maverick Basin in South Texas covers a significant portion of the western Eagle Ford shale and Austin Chalk formations, and includes acreage across the oil, gas-condensate, and dry gas windows with gas composition amenable to processing for NGL extraction.

Third Quarter 2023 Overview and Outlook for the Remainder of 2023

During the third quarter of 2023, we continued to execute on our goal of sustainably returning capital to our stockholders through our Stock Repurchase Program and fixed quarterly dividend by repurchasing and subsequently retiring approximately 2.4 million shares of our outstanding common stock at a cost of \$96.3 million, excluding excise taxes, commissions, and fees, and paying quarterly dividends of \$0.15 per share totaling \$17.8 million. In September 2023, we declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.15 per share of common stock outstanding to be paid on November 6, 2023. Additionally, our Board of Directors approved an increase to our fixed dividend policy, pursuant to which we intend to pay \$0.18 per share per quarter, beginning in the first quarter of 2024. Please refer to *Note 3 - Equity* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion of our Stock Repurchase Program.

We expect our total 2023 capital program, excluding acquisitions and certain leasing efforts, to be approximately \$1.1 billion. This reflects an increase from our previous expectation for capital expenditures related to additional working interests acquired in certain wells in the Midland Basin during the third quarter of 2023. Our capital program remains focused on our highly economic oil development projects in both our Midland Basin and South Texas assets. During 2023, we expect to repeat our track record of inventory replacement and growth, and to continue applying our strength in geosciences and development optimization. Please refer to *Overview of Liquidity and Capital Resources* below for discussion of how we expect to fund the remainder of our 2023 capital program.

Financial and Operational Results. Average net daily equivalent production for the three months ended September 30, 2023, remained flat sequentially at 153.7 MBOE, as a six percent increase from our Midland Basin assets was offset by a six percent decrease from our South Texas assets. These changes were a result of the timing of well completions.

Oil, gas, and NGL realized prices, before the effect of derivative settlements ("realized price" or "realized prices"), increased sequentially by 12 percent, 20 percent, and 13 percent, respectively, as a result of increases in benchmark commodity prices during the third quarter of 2023. Total realized price per BOE increased 16 percent sequentially, resulting in a 17 percent increase in oil, gas, and NGL production revenue, which was \$639.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, compared with \$546.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. Oil, gas, and NGL production expense of \$9.78 per BOE for the three months ended September 30, 2023, decreased six percent sequentially, primarily as a result of a decrease in transportation costs per BOE partially offset by an increase in production tax expense per BOE.

We recorded a net derivative loss of \$75.4 million and a net derivative gain of \$11.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and June 30, 2023, respectively. Included within these amounts is a derivative settlement loss of \$0.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and a derivative settlement gain of \$15.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023.

Operational and financial activities during the three months ended September 30, 2023, resulted in the following:

- Net cash provided by operating activities of \$383.0 million, compared with \$383.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023.
- Net income of \$222.3 million, or \$1.88 per diluted share, compared with net income of \$149.9 million, or \$1.25 per diluted share, for the three months ended June 30, 2023.
- Adjusted EBITDAX, a non-GAAP financial measure, of \$475.6 million, compared with \$390.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. Please refer to the caption *Non-GAAP Financial Measures* below for additional discussion and our definition of adjusted EBITDAX and reconciliations to net income and net cash provided by operating activities.

Please refer to Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trends and Comparison of Financial Results and Trends Between the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023, and June 30, 2023, and Between the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 below for additional discussion.

Operational Activities. In our Midland Basin program, we operated three drilling rigs and one completion crew, drilled 19 gross (11 net) wells, completed 20 gross (17 net) wells, and acquired five net wells during the third quarter of 2023. Average net daily equivalent production volumes increased sequentially by six percent to 77.4 MBOE. Costs incurred in our Midland Basin program during the three months ended September 30, 2023, totaled \$161.3 million, or 62 percent of our total costs incurred for the period. During the remainder of 2023, we expect our activity to focus on developing formations within our RockStar and Sweetie Peck positions, and on developing our recently acquired acreage. We added a fourth drilling rig at the end of the third quarter of 2023 and we anticipate operating four drilling rigs for the remainder of 2023. Subsequent to September 30, 2023, we added a second completion crews for the remainder of 2023.

In our South Texas program, we operated two drilling rigs and one completion crew for a portion of the quarter, drilled 13 gross (13 net) wells, and completed 13 gross (13 net) wells during the third quarter of 2023. Average net daily equivalent production volumes decreased sequentially by six percent to 76.3 MBOE. Costs incurred in our South Texas program during the three months ended September 30, 2023, totaled \$90.7 million, or 35 percent of our total costs incurred for the period. We anticipate operating two drilling

rigs for the remainder of 2023 and one completion crew for a majority of the remainder of 2023, focused primarily on developing the Austin Chalk formation.

The table below provides a quarterly summary of changes in our drilled but not completed well count and current year drilling and completion activity in our operated programs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023:

	Midland	Basin	South Te	exas ⁽¹⁾	Total		
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	Gross	Net	
Wells drilled but not completed at December 31, 2022	49	40	29	28	78	69	
Wells drilled	8	7	7	7	15	14	
Wells completed	(12)	(10)	(17)	(16)	(29)	(26)	
Wells drilled but not completed at March 31, 2023	45	37	19	19	64	56	
Wells drilled	11	5	12	12	23	17	
Wells completed	(20)	(16)	(8)	(8)	(28)	(24)	
Wells drilled but not completed at June 30, 2023	36	27	23	23	59	50	
Wells drilled	19	11	13	13	32	24	
Wells completed	(20)	(17)	(13)	(13)	(33)	(30)	
Wells acquired ⁽²⁾		5		_		5	
Wells drilled but not completed at September 30, 2023	35	25	23	23	58	48	

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

⁽¹⁾ The South Texas drilled but not completed well count as of December 31, 2022, included nine gross (nine net) wells that were not included in our five-year development plan as of December 31, 2022, eight of which were in the Eagle Ford shale formation.

⁽²⁾ Amount relates to additional working interests acquired during the three months ended September 30, 2023, on wells drilled during the first half of 2023, that were not completed as of September 30, 2023.

Costs Incurred. Costs incurred in oil and gas property acquisition, exploration, and development activities, whether capitalized or expensed, totaled \$260.6 million and \$943.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and were primarily incurred in our Midland Basin and South Texas programs as discussed in *Operational Activities* above. Of our total costs incurred for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, \$20.6 million and \$111.9 million, respectively, related to proved and unproved property acquisitions in the Midland Basin, including the acquisition of additional working interests in certain wells.

Production Results. The table below presents our production by product type for each of our assets for the periods presented:

	For the Three Mo	onths Ended	For the Nine Months Ended			
	September 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022		
Midland Basin Production:						
Oil (MMBbl)	4.5	4.2	13.0	14.7		
Gas (Bcf)	15.4	14.8	44.6	47.5		
NGLs (MMBbl)	—	—	—	—		
Equivalent (MMBOE)	7.1	6.6	20.4	22.6		
Average net daily equivalent (MBOE per day)	77.4	73.0	74.8	82.9		
Relative percentage	50 %	47 %	49 %	57 %		
South Texas Production:						
Oil (MMBbl)	1.6	1.7	4.7	3.6		
Gas (Bcf)	17.5	18.9	54.2	46.3		
NGLs (MMBbl)	2.5	2.6	7.2	5.9		
Equivalent (MMBOE)	7.0	7.4	21.0	17.2		
Average net daily equivalent (MBOE per day)	76.3	81.4	76.7	63.0		
Relative percentage	50 %	53 %	51 %	43 %		
Total Production:						
Oil (MMBbl)	6.2	5.9	17.7	18.3		
Gas (Bcf)	32.9	33.7	98.9	93.8		
NGLs (MMBbl)	2.5	2.6	7.2	5.9		
Equivalent (MMBOE)	14.1	14.1	41.4	39.8		
Average net daily equivalent (MBOE per day)	153.7	154.4	151.5	145.8		

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

Please refer to Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trends and Comparison of Financial Results and Trends Between the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023, and June 30, 2023, and Between the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 below for discussion on production.

Oil, Gas, and NGL Prices

Our financial condition and the results of our operations are significantly affected by the prices we receive for our oil, gas, and NGL production, which can fluctuate dramatically. When we refer to realized oil, gas, and NGL prices below, the disclosed price represents the average price for the respective period before the effect of derivative settlements. While quoted NYMEX oil and gas and OPIS NGL prices are generally used as a basis for comparison within our industry, the prices we receive are affected by quality, energy content, location and transportation differentials, and contracted pricing benchmarks for these products.

The following table summarizes commodity price data, as well as the effect of derivative settlements, for the three months ended September 30, 2023, June 30, 2023, and September 30, 2022:

	For the Three Months Ended										
	Septe	mber 30, 2023		June 30, 2023	Se	ptember 30, 2022					
Oil (per Bbl):											
Average NYMEX contract monthly price	\$	82.26	\$	73.78	\$	91.56					
Realized price	\$	80.95	\$	72.12	\$	92.66					
Effect of oil derivative settlements	\$	(2.18)	\$	(0.08)	\$	(21.22)					
Gas:											
Average NYMEX monthly settle price (per MMBtu)	\$	2.55	\$	2.10	\$	8.20					
Realized price (per Mcf)	\$	2.48	\$	2.07	\$	7.58					
Effect of gas derivative settlements (per Mcf)	\$	0.35	\$	0.43	\$	(2.00)					
NGLs (per Bbl):											
Average OPIS price (1)	\$	27.81	\$	25.21	\$	42.47					
Realized price	\$	23.61	\$	20.83	\$	36.36					
Effect of NGL derivative settlements	\$	0.60	\$	0.61	\$	(2.11)					

(1) Effective January 1, 2023, average OPIS price per barrel of NGL, historical or strip, assumes a composite barrel product mix of 42% Ethane, 28% Propane, 6% Isobutane, 11% Normal Butane, and 13% Natural Gasoline. For periods prior to 2023, average OPIS price per barrel of NGL, historical or strip, assumed a composite barrel product mix of 37% Ethane, 32% Propane, 6% Isobutane, 11% Normal Butane, and 14% Natural Gasoline. These product mixes represent the industry standard composite barrel for the respective periods presented and do not necessarily represent our product mix for NGL production. Realized prices reflect our actual product mix.

Given the uncertainty surrounding global financial markets, production output from OPEC+, instability in the Middle East, economic and trade sanctions associated with the war between Russia and Ukraine, and the potential impacts of these issues on global commodity markets, we expect benchmark prices for oil, gas, and NGLs to remain volatile for the foreseeable future, and we cannot reasonably predict the timing or likelihood of any future impacts that may result, which could include further inflation, supply chain disruptions, a continued rise in interest rates, and industry-specific impacts. In addition to supply and demand fundamentals, as global commodities, the prices for oil, gas, and NGLs are affected by real or perceived geopolitical risks in various regions of the world as well as the relative strength of the United States dollar compared to other currencies. Our realized prices at local sales points may also be affected by infrastructure capacity or outages in the areas of our operations and beyond.

The following table summarizes 12-month strip prices for NYMEX WTI oil, NYMEX Henry Hub gas, and OPIS NGLs as of October 26, 2023, and September 30, 2023:

	As of Oct	ober 26, 2023	As of	September 30, 2023
NYMEX WTI oil (per Bbl)	\$	80.49	\$	84.26
NYMEX Henry Hub gas (per MMBtu)	\$	3.38	\$	3.20
OPIS NGLs (per Bbl)	\$	26.71	\$	28.32

We use financial derivative instruments as part of our financial risk management program. We have a financial risk management policy governing our use of derivatives, and decisions regarding entering into commodity derivative contracts are overseen by a financial risk management committee consisting of certain of our senior executive officers and finance personnel. We make decisions about the amount of our expected production that we cover by derivatives based on the amount of debt on our balance sheet, the level of capital commitments and long-term obligations we have in place, and the terms and futures prices that are made available by our approved counterparties. With our current commodity derivative contracts, we believe we have partially reduced our exposure to volatility in commodity prices and basis differentials in the near term. Our use of costless collars for a portion of our derivatives allows us to participate in some of the upward movements in oil and gas prices while also setting a price floor below which we are insulated from further price decreases. Please refer to *Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments* in Part I, Item 1 of this report and to *Commodity Price Risk* in *Overview of Liquidity and Capital Resources* below for additional information regarding our oil, gas, and NGL derivatives.

Financial Results of Operations and Additional Comparative Data

The tables below provide information regarding selected production and financial information for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and the preceding three quarters:

	For the Three Months Ended									
	September 30,			June 30,	March 31,			ecember 31,		
	2023			2023	2023			2022		
	(in millions)									
Production (MMBOE)		14.1		14.1		13.2		13.1		
Oil, gas, and NGL production revenue	\$	639.7	\$	546.6	\$	570.8	\$	669.3		
Oil, gas, and NGL production expense	\$	138.3	\$	145.6	\$	142.3	\$	150.7		
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion	\$	189.4	\$	157.8	\$	154.2	\$	143.6		
Exploration	\$	10.2	\$	15.0	\$	18.4	\$	10.8		
General and administrative	\$	29.3	\$	27.5	\$	27.7	\$	32.8		
Net income	\$	222.3	\$	149.9	\$	198.6	\$	258.5		

Selected Performance Metrics

For the Three Months Ended								
Sep	tember 30,		June 30,	r	March 31,	De	cember 31,	
	2023		2023		2023		2022	
	153.7		154.4		146.4		142.9	
\$	5.08	\$	4.98	\$	5.16	\$	5.20	
\$	2.07	\$	2.89	\$	2.81	\$	2.86	
	4.3 %		4.3 %	1	4.7 %		4.8 %	
\$	0.70	\$	0.83	\$	0.81	\$	0.97	
\$	13.39	\$	11.23	\$	11.70	\$	10.93	
\$	2.07	\$	1.96	\$	2.10	\$	2.50	
	\$ \$ \$ \$	153.7 \$5.08 \$2.07 4.3 % \$0.70 \$13.39	September 30, 2023 153.7 \$ 5.08 \$ 2.07 \$ 0.70 \$ 0.70 \$ 13.39	September 30, 2023 June 30, 2023 153.7 154.4 \$ 5.08 \$ 4.98 \$ 2.07 \$ 2.89 4.3 % 4.3 % \$ 0.70 \$ 0.83 \$ 13.39 \$ 11.23	September 30, 2023 June 30, 2023 Mathematical 2023 153.7 154.4 * \$ 5.08 \$ 4.98 \$ \$ 2.07 \$ 2.89 \$ 4.3 % 4.3 % \$ \$ 0.70 \$ 0.83 \$ \$ 13.39 \$ 11.23 \$	September 30, 2023 June 30, 2023 March 31, 2023 153.7 154.4 146.4 \$ 5.08 4.98 5.16 \$ 2.07 \$ 2.89 \$ 2.81 4.3 % 4.3 % 4.7 % \$ 0.70 \$ 0.83 0.81 \$ 13.39 \$ 11.23 \$ 11.70	September 30, 2023 June 30, 2023 March 31, 2023 Description 153.7 154.4 146.4 146.4 \$ 5.08 \$ 4.98 \$ 5.16 \$ \$ 2.07 \$ 2.89 \$ 2.81 \$ 4.3 % 4.3 % 4.7 % \$ \$ 0.70 \$ 0.83 \$ 0.81 \$ \$ 13.39 \$ 11.23 \$ 11.70 \$	

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trends

	Foi	r the Three I	Mon	ths Ended		mount	Percent		For the Nine M	/lon	ths Ended		mount	Percent
	Sep	tember 30,		June 30,		change etween	Change Between	S	eptember 30,	Se	-		hange etween	Change Between
(4)		2023		2023	F	eriods	Periods		2023		2022		eriods	Periods
Net production volumes: ⁽¹⁾														
Oil (MMBbl)		6.2		5.9		0.3	5 %		17.7		18.3		(0.6)	(3)%
Gas (Bcf)		32.9		33.7		(0.8)	(2)%		98.9		93.8		5.0	5 %
NGLs (MMBbl)		2.5		2.6		(0.1)	(3)%		7.2		5.9		1.3	22 %
Equivalent (MMBOE)		14.1		14.1		0.1	1 %		41.4		39.8		1.6	4 %
Average net daily production: (1)														
Oil (MBbl per day)		67.0		64.5		2.5	4 %		64.8		66.9		(2.1)	(3)%
Gas (MMcf per day)		357.9		370.4		(12.5)	(3)%		362.2		343.7		18.5	5 %
NGLs (MBbl per day)		27.0		28.2		(1.2)	(4)%		26.3		21.6		4.7	22 %
Equivalent (MBOE per day)		153.7		154.4		(0.7)	— %		151.5		145.8		5.7	4 %
Oil, gas, and NGL production rev	enue ((in millions):	(1)											
Oil production revenue	\$	499.2	\$	423.4	\$	75.8	18 %	\$	1,343.5	\$	1,800.3	\$	(456.8)	(25)%
Gas production revenue		81.8		69.7		12.1	17 %		245.3		645.9		(400.7)	(62)%
NGL production revenue		58.7		53.4		5.2	10 %		168.3		230.5		(62.2)	(27)%
Total oil, gas, and NGL production revenue	\$	639.7	\$	546.6	\$	93.1	17 %	\$	1,757.0	\$	2,676.7	\$	(919.6)	(34)%
Oil, gas, and NGL production exp	ense	(in millions):	(1)											
Lease operating expense	\$	71.9	\$	69.9	\$	2.0	3 %	\$	209.9	\$	198.2	\$	11.7	6 %
Transportation costs		29.2		40.6		(11.4)	(28)%		106.9		112.4		(5.5)	(5)%
Production taxes		27.3		23.4		3.9	17 %		77.4		130.7		(53.3)	(41)%
Ad valorem tax expense		9.8		11.6		(1.8)	(16)%		32.1		29.0		3.1	11 %
Total oil, gas, and NGL production expense	\$	138.3	\$	145.6	\$	(7.3)	(5)%	\$	426.2	\$	470.2	\$	(44.0)	(9)%
Realized price:														
Oil (per Bbl)	\$	80.95	\$	72.12	\$	8.83	12 %	\$	75.90	\$	98.52	\$	(22.62)	(23)%
Gas (per Mcf)	\$	2.48	\$	2.07	\$	0.41	20 %	\$	2.48	\$	6.88	\$	(4.40)	(64)%
NGLs (per Bbl)	\$	23.61	\$	20.83	\$	2.78	13 %	\$	23.40	\$	39.04	\$	(15.64)	(40)%
Per BOE	\$	45.24	\$	38.89	\$	6.35	16 %	\$	42.47	\$	67.23	\$	(24.76)	(37)%
Per BOE data: (1)														
Oil, gas, and NGL production ex	pense	ə:												
Lease operating expense	\$	5.08	\$	4.98	\$	0.10	2 %	\$	5.07	\$	4.98	\$	0.09	2 %
Transportation costs		2.07		2.89		(0.82)	(28)%		2.58		2.82		(0.24)	(9)%
Production taxes		1.93		1.66		0.27	16 %		1.87		3.28		(1.41)	(43)%
Ad valorem tax expense		0.70		0.83		(0.13)	(16)%		0.78		0.73		0.05	7 %
Total oil, gas, and NGL production expense ⁽¹⁾	\$	9.78	\$	10.36	\$	(0.58)	(6)%	\$	10.30	\$	11.81	\$	(1.51)	(13)%
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion	\$	13.39	¢	11.23	\$	2.16	19 %	¢	12.12	¢	11.56	\$	0.56	5 %
General and administrative	\$	2.07		1.96		0.11	6 %				2.05	φ \$	(0.01)	— %
Derivative settlement gain	φ	2.07	φ	1.90	φ	0.11	0 /0	φ	2.04	φ	2.05	φ	(0.01)	— 70
(loss) ⁽²⁾ Earnings per share information (i	\$ n thou	(0.02) Isands exce		1.11 er share data	\$ ر. (3	(1.13)	(102)%	\$	0.49	\$	(14.95)	\$	15.44	103 %
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding		117,823	p, he	119,408		(1,585)	(1)%		119,589		122,318		(2,729)	(2)%
Diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding		118,328		120,074		(1,746)	(1)%		120,165		124,233		(4,068)	(3)%
Basic net income per common share	\$	1.89	\$	1.26	\$	0.63	50 %	\$	4.77	\$	6.98	\$	(2.21)	(32)%
Diluted net income per common share	\$	1.88	\$	1.25	\$	0.63	50 %	\$	4.75	\$	6.87	\$	(2.12)	(31)%

- ⁽¹⁾ Amounts and percentage changes may not calculate due to rounding.
- ⁽²⁾ Derivative settlements for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, are included within the net derivative (gain) loss line item in the accompanying statements of operations.
- ⁽³⁾ Please refer to *Note 9 Earnings Per Share* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion.

Average net daily equivalent production for the three months ended September 30, 2023, remained flat sequentially as a six percent increase from our Midland Basin assets was offset by a six percent decrease from our South Texas assets, resulting from the timing of well completions. Average net daily equivalent production increased four percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 as a result of an increase in well completions. The total YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 increase in average net daily equivalent production consisted of a 22 percent increase from our South Texas assets partially offset by a 10 percent decrease from our Midland Basin assets, resulting from the timing of well completions, and the timing of capital expenditures during 2022 and 2023. We expect a slight increase in total net equivalent production for the full-year 2023, compared with 2022, primarily driven by an increase in well completions and increased production from our South Texas assets as we benefit from reduced production curtailments attributable to the build-out of South Texas oil handling capacity.

We present certain information on a per BOE basis in order to evaluate our performance relative to our peers and to identify and measure trends we believe may require additional analysis and discussion.

Our realized price on a per BOE basis increased \$6.35 sequentially as a result of increases in oil, gas, and NGL benchmark prices. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, we recognized a loss on the settlement of our commodity derivative contracts of \$0.02 per BOE, compared to a gain on the settlement of our commodity derivative contracts of \$1.11 per BOE for the three months ended June 30, 2023. Our realized price on a per BOE basis decreased \$24.76 YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 as a result of decreases in oil, gas, and NGL benchmark prices. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we recognized a gain on the settlement of our commodity derivative contracts of \$0.49 per BOE, compared to a loss of \$14.95 per BOE for the same period in 2022.

LOE on a per BOE basis increased two percent both sequentially and YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022. The sequential quarterly increase was a result of a shift in our production mix from our South Texas assets to our Midland Basin assets, which have higher unit operating costs, partially offset by a decrease in workover expense. The YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 increase was a result of increased workover activity and increases in labor costs, both of which we expect will lead to an increase in LOE on a per BOE basis for the full-year 2023, compared with 2022. We anticipate volatility in LOE on a per BOE basis as a result of changes in total production, changes in our overall production mix, timing of workover projects, and industry activity, all of which affect total LOE.

Transportation costs on a per BOE basis decreased 28 percent sequentially and decreased nine percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 as a result of the expiration of a long-term contract in South Texas on June 30, 2023. In general, we expect total transportation costs to fluctuate relative to changes in gas and NGL production from our South Texas assets, where we incur a majority of our transportation costs. For the full-year 2023, we expect transportation costs on a per BOE basis to decrease compared with 2022, as a result of the expiration of the long-term contract discussed above.

Production tax expense on a per BOE basis increased 16 percent sequentially as a result of increases in realized prices, and decreased 43 percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022, as a result of decreases in realized prices. Our overall production tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, was 4.3 percent and 4.4 percent, respectively, compared with 4.3 percent for the three months ended June 30, 2023, and 4.9 percent for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. We generally expect production tax expense to correlate with oil, gas, and NGL production revenue on an absolute and per BOE basis. Product mix, the location of production, and incentives to encourage oil and gas development can also impact the amount of production tax expense that we recognize.

Ad valorem tax expense on a per BOE basis decreased 16 percent sequentially and increased seven percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 as a result of changes to the assessed values of our producing properties. We anticipate volatility in ad valorem tax expense on a per BOE and absolute basis as the valuation of our producing properties changes, which is generally driven by fluctuations in commodity prices.

Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion ("DD&A") expense on a per BOE basis increased 19 percent sequentially due to inflation, and an increase in production from our Midland Basin assets, which have a higher DD&A rate than our South Texas assets. DD&A expense on a per BOE basis increased five percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 due to inflation, partially offset by a shift in production mix due to higher activity in our South Texas assets, which have a lower DD&A rate than our Midland Basin assets. Our DD&A rate fluctuates as a result of changes in our production mix, changes in our total estimated proved reserve volumes, changes in capital allocation, impairments, acquisition and divestiture activity, and carrying cost funding and sharing arrangements with third parties. We expect DD&A expense per BOE and on an absolute basis to increase in 2023, compared with 2022, primarily as a result of cost increases, partially offset by a shift in production mix to our South Texas assets.

General and administrative ("G&A") expense on a per BOE basis increased six percent sequentially primarily as a result of increased compensation expense. G&A expense on a per BOE basis remained flat YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022. We currently expect G&A expense to remain relatively flat per BOE and on an absolute basis for the full-year 2023 compared with 2022.

Please refer to Comparison of Financial Results and Trends Between the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023, and June 30, 2023, and Between the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 below for additional discussion of operating expenses.

Comparison of Financial Results and Trends Between the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023, and June 30, 2023, and Between the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023, and 2022

Average net daily equivalent production, oil, gas, and NGL production revenue, and oil, gas, and NGL production expense

Sequential Quarterly Changes. The following table presents changes in our average net daily equivalent production, oil, gas, and NGL production revenue, and oil, gas, and NGL production expense, by area, between the three months ended September 30, 2023, and June 30, 2023:

	Net Equivalent Production Increase (Decrease)	 Oil, Gas, and NGL Production Revenue Increase	Oil, Gas, and NGL Production Expense Increase (Decrease)
	(MBOE per day)	 (in millions)	(in millions)
Midland Basin	4.4	\$ 75.4	\$ 6.6
South Texas	(5.1)	17.8	(13.9)
Total	(0.7)	\$ 93.1	\$ (7.3)

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

Average net daily equivalent production volumes remained flat, as a six percent increase from our Midland Basin assets was offset by a six percent decrease from our South Texas assets. As a result of increases in benchmark commodity prices, realized prices for oil, gas, and NGLs increased 12 percent, 20 percent, and 13 percent, respectively, resulting in a 17 percent increase in oil, gas, and NGL production revenue. Oil, gas, and NGL production expense decreased five percent, primarily driven by a decrease in transportation costs, partially offset by an increase in production tax expense.

YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 Changes. The following table presents changes in our average net daily equivalent production, oil, gas, and NGL production revenue, and oil, gas, and NGL production expense, by area, between the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022:

	Net Equivalent Production Increase (Decrease)	 Oil, Gas, and NGL Production Revenue Decrease	Oil, Gas, and NGL Production Expense Decrease
	(MBOE per day)	 (in millions)	(in millions)
Midland Basin	(8.1)	\$ (688.8)	\$ (39.9)
South Texas	13.8	 (230.9)	(4.1)
Total	5.7	\$ (919.6)	\$ (44.0)

Note: Amounts may not calculate due to rounding.

Average net daily equivalent production volumes increased four percent, consisting of a 22 percent increase from our South Texas assets, partially offset by a 10 percent decrease from our Midland Basin assets. As a result of decreases in benchmark commodity prices, realized prices for oil, gas, and NGLs decreased 23 percent, 64 percent, and 40 percent, respectively. These decreases were partially offset by increased average net daily equivalent production resulting in a 34 percent decrease in oil, gas, and NGL production expense decreased nine percent, primarily driven by decreases in production tax expense and transportation costs, partially offset by increases in LOE and ad valorem tax expense.

Please refer to Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trends above for additional discussion, including discussion of trends on a per BOE basis.

Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion

	For the Th	ree Mo	onths Ended		For the Nine I	Months Ended		
	September 30, 2023		June 30, 2023		eptember 30, 2023	Se	ptember 30, 2022	
			(in m	illio	ıs)			
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion	\$ 189	9.4 \$	157.8	\$	501.4	\$	460.2	

DD&A expense increased 20 percent sequentially and increased nine percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022. The sequential quarterly increase primarily resulted from inflation and an increase in production from our Midland Basin assets, which have a higher DD&A rate than our South Texas assets. The YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 increase resulted from a combination of inflation and a four percent increase in average net daily equivalent production. These increases were partially offset by a shift in production mix due to higher activity in our South Texas assets, which have a lower DD&A rate than our Midland Basin assets. Please refer to *Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trends* above for discussion of DD&A expense on a per BOE basis.

Exploration

	For	For the Three Months Ended					For the Nine Months Ended					
		mber 30, 2023		June 30, 2023		September 30, 2023		tember 30, 2022				
				(in mi	llions)						
Geological, geophysical, and other expenses	\$	2.7	\$	7.4	\$	20.7	\$	21.8				
Overhead		7.5		7.6		22.9		22.3				
Total	\$	10.2	\$	15.0	\$	43.6	\$	44.1				

Exploration expense decreased 32 percent sequentially primarily due to a decrease in geological and geophysical expense. Exploration expense remained flat YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022. Exploration expense fluctuates based on actual geological and geophysical studies we perform within an exploratory area, exploratory dry hole expense incurred, and changes in the amount of allocated overhead.

General and administrative

	For the	e Three	Mon	ths Ended	F	or the Nine I	Months Ended	
	Septemb 2023			June 30, 2023	Se	otember 30, 2023	Sep	otember 30, 2022
					llions	5)		
General and administrative	\$	29.3	\$	27.5	\$	84.4	\$	81.7

G&A expense increased six percent sequentially and increased three percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022, primarily as a result of increased compensation expense. We currently expect G&A expense to remain relatively flat on an absolute basis for the full-year 2023 compared with 2022, but G&A expense can be impacted by full-year financial and operational results. Please refer to the section *Overview of Selected Production and Financial Information, Including Trends* above for discussion of G&A expense on a per BOE basis.

Net derivative (gain) loss

	For the	Three	Mont	ths Ended	For the Nine	Mont	hs Ended
	Septemb 2023			June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023	Se	otember 30, 2022
				(in mil	lions)		
Net derivative (gain) loss	\$	75.4	\$	(11.7)	\$ 12.4	\$	385.2

Net derivative (gain) loss is a result of changes in fair values associated with fluctuations in the forward price curves for the commodities underlying our outstanding derivative contracts and the monthly cash settlements of our derivative positions during the period. Compared to our derivative contract prices, we expect increases in benchmark commodity prices to result in net derivative losses, and decreases in benchmark commodity prices to result in net derivative gains. Please refer to *Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion.

Interest expense

	For	the Three Mo	nths Ended	For the Nine M	onths Ended	
		ember 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	
			(in mill	ions)		
Interest expense	\$	(23.1) \$	(22.1)	\$ (67.7)	\$ (97.7)	

Interest expense increased four percent sequentially and decreased 31 percent YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022. The sequential quarterly increase was primarily driven by a decrease in capitalized interest as a result of the timing of the development of our wells in progress. The YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 decrease was a result of the reduction in the aggregate principal amount of our Senior Notes through various transactions in 2022, including the redemption of our 2024 Senior Notes on February 14, 2022, and the redemption of our 2025 Senior Secured Notes on June 17, 2022. As a result of these transactions, we expect interest expense to decrease for the full-year 2023, compared with 2022. Additionally, total interest expense can vary based on the timing and amount of borrowings under our revolving credit facility. Please refer to *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* in Part I, Item 1 of this report and *Overview of Liquidity and Capital Resources* below for additional discussion.

Loss on extinguishment of debt

	For the Three	Months Ended	For the Nine I	Months Ended	
	September 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	
		(in m	nillions)		
Loss on extinguishment of debt	\$ —	\$ —	\$	\$ (67.6)	

The redemption of our 2025 Senior Secured Notes on June 17, 2022, resulted in a net loss on extinguishment of debt of \$67.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, which included \$33.5 million of premium paid, \$26.3 million of accelerated expense recognition of the remaining unamortized debt discount, and \$7.4 million of accelerated expense recognition of the remaining unamortized deferred financing costs.

Income tax (expense) benefit

	Foi	For the Three Months Ended				or the Nine I	Months Ended			
	•	September 30, 2023		June 30, 2023		September 30, 2023		otember 30, 2022		
			(in millions, e	xcept	tax rate)				
Income tax (expense) benefit	\$	46.0	\$	(42.1)	\$	(51.6)	\$	(219.0)		
Effective tax rate		(26.1)%		21.9 %		8.3 %		20.4 %		

Our effective tax rate decreased both sequentially and YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022 primarily due to benefits recognized from the result of the multi-year R&D credit study completed during the third quarter of 2023, which were partially offset by a release of the valuation allowance during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, that lowered the effective tax rate compared to no valuation benefit recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The tax rates for each period presented also reflect the proportional effects of state income taxes, limits on expensing of certain covered individual's compensation, and the cumulative effect of other small differences. Based on current projections, we estimate that after utilization of a portion of the R&D credits, between \$10.0 million and \$15.0 million of full-year 2023 income tax expense will be current.

We made \$6.2 million of cash tax payments during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily related to Texas franchise taxes.

Changes in federal income tax laws or enactment of proposed legislation to increase the corporate tax rate and eliminate or reduce certain oil and gas industry deductions could have a material effect on our effective tax rate and current tax expense. Please refer to the *Risk Factors* section in Part 1, Item 1A of our <u>2022 Form 10-K</u> for additional discussion.

Please refer to Note 4 - Income Taxes in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion.

Overview of Liquidity and Capital Resources

Based on the current commodity price environment, we believe we have sufficient liquidity and capital resources to execute our business plan while continuing to meet our current financial obligations. We continue to manage the duration and level of our drilling and completion service commitments in order to maintain flexibility with regard to our activity level and capital expenditures.

Sources of Cash

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we funded our capital expenditures, return of capital program, and asset acquisitions with cash flows from operating activities and cash on hand, and we expect that to continue for the remainder of 2023. However, we may also use borrowings under our revolving credit facility or raise funds through new debt or equity offerings or from other sources of financing. If we raise additional funds through the issuance of equity or convertible debt securities, the percentage

ownership of our current stockholders could be diluted, and these newly issued securities may have rights, preferences, or privileges senior to those of certain existing stockholders and bondholders. Additionally, we may enter into carrying cost and sharing arrangements with third parties for certain exploration or development programs.

Our credit ratings affect the availability of, and cost for us to borrow, additional funds. Two major credit rating agencies upgraded our credit rating during 2023, citing our ability to consistently generate meaningful cash flows, disciplined capital spending, return of capital to stockholders, debt redemptions during 2022, and sustained strong operational performance, including our established inventory of drilling locations in our primary plays, all of which contribute to our strong liquidity profile. All of our sources of liquidity can be affected by the general conditions of the broader economy, force majeure events, fluctuations in commodity prices, operating costs, interest rate changes, tax law changes, and volumes produced, all of which affect us and our industry.

We have no control over the market prices for oil, gas, or NGLs, although we may be able to influence the amount of our realized revenues from our oil, gas, and NGL sales through the use of commodity derivative contracts as part of our commodity price risk management program. Commodity derivative contracts may limit the prices we receive for our oil, gas, and NGL sales if oil, gas, or NGL prices rise substantially over the price established by the commodity derivative contract. Please refer to *Note 7 - Derivative Financial Instruments* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional information about our commodity derivative contracts currently in place and the timing of settlement of those contracts.

Credit Agreement

Our Credit Agreement provides for a senior secured revolving credit facility with a maximum loan amount of \$3.0 billion. As of September 30, 2023, the borrowing base and aggregate lender commitments under our Credit Agreement were \$2.5 billion and \$1.25 billion, respectively. The borrowing base is subject to regular, semi-annual redetermination, which considers the value of both our proved oil and gas properties reflected in our most recent reserve report and commodity derivative contracts, each as determined by our lender group. Subsequent to September 30, 2023, the semi-annual borrowing base redetermination was completed, which reaffirmed both our borrowing base and aggregate lender commitments at existing amounts. The next scheduled borrowing base redetermination date is April 1, 2024. No individual bank participating in the Credit Agreement represents more than 10 percent of the aggregate lender commitment. We must comply with certain financial and non-financial covenants under the terms of the Credit Agreement. We were in compliance with all financial and non-financial covenants under the Credit Agreement as of September 30, 2023, and through the filing of this report. Please refer to *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion, as well as the presentation of the outstanding balance, total amount of letters of credit, and available borrowing capacity under the Credit Agreement as of October 26, 2023, September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022.

We had no revolving credit facility borrowings during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022. Cash flows provided by our operating activities, proceeds received from divestitures of properties, capital markets activities including open market debt repurchases, debt redemptions, repayment of scheduled debt maturities, other financing activities, and our capital expenditures, including acquisitions, all impact the amount we borrow under our revolving credit facility.

Weighted-Average Interest and Weighted-Average Borrowing Rates

Our weighted-average interest rate includes paid and accrued interest, fees on the unused portion of the aggregate commitment amount under the Credit Agreement, letter of credit fees, the non-cash amortization of deferred financing costs, and for the periods during which the 2025 Senior Secured Notes were outstanding, the non-cash amortization of the related discount. Our weighted-average borrowing rate includes paid and accrued interest only.

The following table presents our weighted-average interest rates and our weighted-average borrowing rates for the periods presented:

	For the Three Mo	onths Ended	For the Nine I	Months Ended
	September 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022
Weighted-average interest rate	7.0 %	7.1 %	7.1 %	7.8 %
Weighted-average borrowing rate	6.4 %	6.4 %	6.4 %	7.0 %

Our weighted-average interest rate and our weighted-average borrowing rate each remained flat sequentially, and decreased YTD 2023-over-YTD 2022, primarily due to the redemption of our 2024 Senior Notes and 2025 Senior Secured Notes during 2022. As a result of these redemptions, we expect our weighted-average interest rate and weighted-average borrowing rate to decrease for the full-year 2023 compared with 2022.

Our weighted-average interest rate and weighted-average borrowing rate are affected by the occurrence and timing of longterm debt issuances and redemptions and the average outstanding balance on our revolving credit facility. Additionally, our weightedaverage interest rates are affected by the fees paid on the unused portion of our aggregate lender commitments. The rates disclosed in the above table do not reflect certain amounts associated with the repurchase or redemption of Senior Notes, such as the acceleration of unamortized deferred financing costs and unamortized discounts, as these amounts are netted against the associated gain or loss on extinguishment of debt. The 2024 Senior Notes were redeemed on February 14, 2022, and the 2025 Senior Secured Notes were redeemed on June 17, 2022. After these dates, the weighted-average interest rate was no longer affected by the non-cash amortization of deferred financing costs or, for the 2025 Senior Secured Notes, the non-cash amortization of the discount.

Uses of Cash

We use cash for the development, exploration, and acquisition of oil and gas properties; for the payment of operating and general and administrative costs, income taxes, dividends, debt obligations, including interest and early repayments or redemptions; and for repurchases of shares of our common stock under the Stock Repurchase Program. Expenditures for the development, exploration, and acquisition of oil and gas properties are the primary use of our capital resources. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we spent \$876.1 million on capital expenditures and on acquisitions of proved and unproved oil and gas properties, including the acquisition of additional working interests in certain wells. This amount differs from the costs incurred amount of \$943.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as costs incurred is an accrual-based amount that also includes asset retirement obligations, geological and geophysical expenses, and exploration overhead amounts.

The amount and allocation of our future capital expenditures will depend upon a number of factors, including our cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities, our ability to execute our development program, inflation, and the number and size of acquisitions that we complete. In addition, the impact of oil, gas, and NGL prices on investment opportunities, the availability of capital, tax law and other regulatory changes, and the timing and results of our exploration and development activities may lead to changes in funding requirements for future development. We periodically review our capital expenditure budget and guidance to assess if changes are necessary based on current and projected cash flows, acquisition and divestiture activities, debt requirements, and other factors. Our total 2023 capital program, which we expect to fund with cash flows from operations, is expected to be approximately \$1.1 billion and excludes acquisitions and certain leasing efforts. This amount reflects an increase from our previous expectation for capital expenditures related to additional working interests acquired in certain wells in the Midland Basin during the third quarter of 2023.

We may from time to time repurchase shares of our common stock, or repurchase or redeem all or portions of our outstanding debt securities, for cash, through exchanges for other securities, or a combination of both. Such repurchases or redemptions may be made in open market transactions, privately negotiated transactions, tender offers, pursuant to contractual provisions, or otherwise. Any such repurchases or redemptions will depend on our business strategy, prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions or covenants, compliance with securities laws, and other factors. The amounts involved in any such transaction may be material.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, we repurchased and subsequently retired 6.3 million and 0.5 million shares, respectively, of our common stock at a cost of \$205.1 million and \$20.2 million, respectively, excluding excise taxes, commissions, and fees. As of September 30, 2023, \$237.7 million remained available under the Stock Repurchase Program for repurchases of our common stock. Please refer to *Note 3 - Equity* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion.

On February 14, 2022, we redeemed all of the \$104.8 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of our 2024 Senior Notes, and on June 17, 2022, we redeemed all of the \$446.7 million of aggregate principal amount outstanding of our 2025 Senior Secured Notes. All redeemed 2024 Senior Notes and 2025 Senior Secured Notes were canceled upon settlement. Please refer to *Note 5 - Long-Term Debt* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, we paid \$54.2 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, in dividends to our stockholders. In September 2023, we declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.15 per share of common stock outstanding to be paid on November 6, 2023. Additionally, our Board of Directors approved an increase to our quarterly fixed dividend policy, pursuant to which we intend to pay \$0.18 per share per quarter, beginning in the first quarter of 2024. We currently intend to continue paying dividends to our stockholders for the foreseeable future, subject to our future earnings, our financial condition, covenants under our Credit Agreement and indentures governing each series of our outstanding Senior Notes, and other factors that could arise. The payment and amount of future dividends remains at the discretion of our Board of Directors.

Analysis of Cash Flow Changes Between the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023, and 2022

The following tables present changes in cash flows between the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, for our operating, investing, and financing activities. The analysis following each table should be read in conjunction with our accompanying statements of cash flows in Part I, Item 1 of this report.

Operating activities

	For t	the Nine Months	Δ	Amount Change		
		2023		2022	Between Periods	
				(in millions)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,097.9	\$	1,398.0	\$	(300.1)

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared with the same period in 2022, primarily as a result of an \$893.4 million decrease in cash received from oil, gas, and NGL production revenue net of transportation costs and production taxes and an increase of \$44.3 million in cash paid for LOE and ad valorem taxes, partially offset by a \$626.7 million decrease in cash paid on settled derivative trades and a \$45.9 million decrease in cash paid for interest. Net cash provided by operating activities is also affected by working capital changes and the timing of cash receipts and disbursements.

Investing activities

	For th	ne Nine Months End	Amount Change	
		2023	2022	Between Periods
			(in millions)	
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(875.4) \$	(592.4)	\$ (283.0)

Net cash used in investing activities increased for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared with the same period in 2022, as a result of a \$174.9 million increase in capital expenditures and \$109.3 million of cash paid to acquire proved and unproved oil and gas properties in the Midland Basin, including the acquisition of additional working interests in certain wells. Please refer to *Note 11 - Acquisitions* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion of acquisition of proved and unproved oil and gas properties.

Financing activities

	For t	he Nine Months E	Amount Cha	ange		
		2023		2022	Between Per	
				(in millions)		
Net cash used in financing activities	\$	(265.5)	\$	(639.9)	\$	374.4

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, primarily related to \$205.2 million of cash paid, including commissions and fees, to repurchase and subsequently retire 6.3 million shares of our common stock under the Stock Repurchase Program and \$54.2 million of dividends paid.

Net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, related to \$480.2 million of cash paid, including premium, to redeem our 2025 Senior Secured Notes, and \$104.8 million of cash paid to redeem our 2024 Senior Notes. Additionally, we paid \$25.1 million for the net share settlement of employee stock awards and \$20.2 million, including commissions and fees, to repurchase and subsequently retire 0.5 million shares of our common stock under the Stock Repurchase Program.

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to market and credit risk due to the floating interest rate associated with any outstanding balance on our revolving credit facility. Our Credit Agreement allows us to fix the interest rate for all or a portion of the principal balance of our revolving credit facility for a period up to six months. To the extent that the interest rate is fixed, interest rate changes will affect the revolving credit facility's fair value but will not affect results of operations or cash flows. Conversely, for the portion of the revolving credit facility that has a floating interest rate, interest rate changes will not affect the fair value but will affect future results of operations and cash flows. Changes in interest rates do not affect the amount of interest we pay on our fixed-rate Senior Notes, but can affect their fair values. As of September 30, 2023, our outstanding principal amount of fixed-rate debt totaled \$1.6 billion, and we had no floating-rate debt outstanding. Please refer to *Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements* in Part I, Item 1 of this report for additional discussion on the fair values of our Senior Notes.

The Federal Reserve has continued to increase short-term interest rates in 2023. These increases, and any future increases, are likely to increase the cost of and affect our ability to borrow funds.

Commodity Price Risk

The prices we receive for our oil, gas, and NGL production directly affect our revenue, profitability, access to capital, ability to execute our Stock Repurchase Program and pay dividends, and future rate of growth. Oil, gas, and NGL prices are subject to unpredictable fluctuations resulting from a variety of factors that are typically beyond our control, including changes in supply and demand associated with the broader macroeconomic environment, constraints on gathering systems, processing facilities, pipelines, and other transportation systems, and weather-related events. The markets for oil, gas, and NGLs have been volatile, especially over the last decade, and remain subject to high levels of uncertainty and volatility related to production output from OPEC+, instability in the Middle East, economic and trade sanctions associated with the war between Russia and Ukraine, and the potential impacts of these issues on global commodity and financial markets. These circumstances have contributed to inflation, instances of supply chain disruptions, and a rise in interest rates, and could have further industry-specific impacts that may require us to adjust our business plan. The realized prices we receive for our production also depend on numerous factors that are typically beyond our control. Based on our production for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, a 10 percent decrease in our average realized oil, gas, and NGL prices would have reduced our oil, gas, and NGL production revenue by approximately \$134.3 million, \$24.5 million, and \$16.8 million, respectively. If commodity prices had been 10 percent lower, our net derivative settlements for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, would have offset the declines in oil, gas, and NGL production revenue by approximately \$43.7 million.

We enter into commodity derivative contracts in order to reduce the risk of fluctuations in commodity prices. The fair value of our commodity derivative contracts is largely determined by estimates of the forward curves of the relevant price indices. As of September 30, 2023, a 10 percent increase or decrease in the forward curves associated with our oil, gas, and NGL commodity derivative instruments would have changed our net derivative positions for these products by approximately \$48.0 million, \$8.2 million, and \$0.6 million, respectively.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not participated in transactions that generate relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities ("SPE"), which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes.

We evaluate our transactions to determine if any variable interest entities exist. If we determine that we are the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity, that entity is consolidated into our consolidated financial statements. We have not been involved in any unconsolidated SPE transactions during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, or through the filing of this report.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Please refer to the corresponding section in Part II, Item 7 and to Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies included in Part II, Item 8 of our <u>2022 Form 10-K</u> for discussion of our accounting estimates.

Accounting Matters

Please refer to Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in Part I, Item 1 of this report for information on new authoritative accounting guidance.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Adjusted EBITDAX represents net income (loss) before interest expense, interest income, income taxes, depletion, depreciation, amortization and asset retirement obligation liability accretion expense, exploration expense, property abandonment and impairment expense, non-cash stock-based compensation expense, derivative gains and losses net of settlements, gains and losses on divestitures, gains and losses on extinguishment of debt, and certain other items. Adjusted EBITDAX excludes certain items that we believe affect the comparability of operating results and can exclude items that are generally non-recurring in nature or whose timing and/or amount cannot be reasonably estimated. Adjusted EBITDAX is a non-GAAP measure that we believe provides useful additional information to investors and analysts, as a performance measure, for analysis of our ability to internally generate funds for exploration, development, acquisitions, and to service debt. We are also subject to financial covenants under our Credit Agreement based on adjusted EBITDAX ratios as further described in Note 5 - Long-Term Debt in the 2022 Form 10-K. In addition, adjusted EBITDAX is widely used by professional research analysts and others in the valuation, comparison, and investment recommendations of companies in the oil and gas exploration and production industry, and many investors use the published research of industry research analysts in making investment decisions. Adjusted EBITDAX should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for net income (loss), income (loss) from operations, net cash provided by operating activities, or other profitability or liquidity measures prepared under GAAP. Because adjusted EBITDAX excludes some, but not all items that affect net income (loss) and may vary among companies, the adjusted EBITDAX amounts presented may not be comparable to similar metrics of other companies. Our revolving credit facility provides a material source of liquidity for us. Under the terms of our Credit Agreement, if we failed to comply with the covenants that establish a maximum permitted ratio of total funded debt, as defined in the Credit Agreement, to adjusted EBITDAX, we would be in default, an event that would prevent us from borrowing under our revolving credit facility and would therefore materially limit a significant source of our liquidity. In addition, if we are in default under our revolving credit facility and are unable to obtain a waiver of that default from our lenders, lenders under that facility and under the indentures governing each series of our outstanding Senior Notes would be entitled to exercise all of their remedies for default.

The following table provides reconciliations of our net income (GAAP) and net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP) to adjusted EBITDAX (non-GAAP) for the periods presented:

	For the Three Months Ended				For the Nine Months Ended			
	September 30, 2023			September 30, 2022		September 30, 2023		ptember 30, 2022
				(in thousand		ands)		
Net income (GAAP)	\$	222,343	\$	481,240	\$	570,769	\$	853,489
Interest expense		23,106		22,825		67,713		97,708
Interest income		(4,106)		(1,546)		(13,802)		(2,080)
Income tax expense (benefit)		(45,979)		119,379		51,619		218,951
Depletion, depreciation, amortization, and asset retirement obligation liability accretion		189,353		145,865		501,374		460,169
Exploration ⁽¹⁾		9,071		13,203		40,612		41,152
Stock-based compensation expense		6,038		5,105		14,519		13,858
Net derivative (gain) loss		75,355		(137,577)		12,352		385,180
Derivative settlement gain (loss)		(314)		(186,299)		20,398		(595,080)
Loss on extinguishment of debt		—		—		—		67,605
Other, net		698		(2,040)		1,625		3,482
Adjusted EBITDAX (non-GAAP)		475,565		460,155		1,267,179		1,544,434
Interest expense		(23,106)		(22,825)		(67,713)		(97,708)
Interest income		4,106		1,546		13,802		2,080
Income tax (expense) benefit		45,979		(119,379)		(51,619)		(218,951)
Exploration ^{(1) (2)}		(8,912)		(11,993)		(31,566)		(27,959)
Amortization of debt discount and deferred financing costs		1,371		1,303		4,114		8,910
Deferred income taxes		(51,075)		110,048		43,171		202,996
Other, net		(8,041)		(2,003)		(22,160)		(2,541)
Net change in working capital		(52,893)		96,518		(57,329)		(13,230)
Net cash provided by operating activities (GAAP)	\$	382,994	\$	513,370	\$	1,097,879	\$	1,398,031

⁽¹⁾ Stock-based compensation expense is a component of the exploration expense and general and administrative expense line items on the accompanying statements of operations. Therefore, the exploration line items shown in the reconciliation above will vary from the amount shown on the accompanying statements of operations for the component of stock-based compensation expense recorded to exploration expense.

⁽²⁾ For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, amounts exclude certain capital expenditures related to unsuccessful exploration activity for one well that experienced technical issues during the drilling phase. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, amounts exclude certain capital expenditures related to unsuccessful exploration efforts outside of our core areas of operation.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information required by this item is provided under the captions *Interest Rate Risk* and *Commodity Price Risk* in Item 2 above, as well as under the section entitled *Summary of Oil, Gas, and NGL Derivative Contracts in Place* in *Note* 7 - *Derivative Financial Instruments* in Part I, Item 1 of this report and is incorporated herein by reference. Please also refer to the information under *Interest Rate Risk* and *Commodity Price Risk* in *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* in Part II, Item 7 of our <u>2022 Form 10-K</u>.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain a system of disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to reasonably ensure that information required to be disclosed in our SEC reports is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and to reasonably ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and our Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer), as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) ("Disclosure Controls") will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within our Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. We monitor our Disclosure Controls and make modifications as necessary; our intent in this regard is that the Disclosure Controls will be modified as systems change and conditions warrant.

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our Disclosure Controls was performed as of the end of the period covered by this report. This evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer at a reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes during the third quarter of 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

At times, we may be involved in litigation relating to claims arising out of our business and operations in the normal course of business. As of the filing of this report, no legal proceedings are pending against us that we believe individually or collectively are likely to have a materially adverse effect upon our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors as previously disclosed in our 2022 Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table provides information about purchases made by us and any affiliated purchaser (as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Exchange Act) during the three months ended September 30, 2023, of shares of our common stock, which is the sole class of equity securities registered by us pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act:

PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY ISSUER AND AFFILIATED PURCHASES							
Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Weighted Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program ⁽²⁾	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program (as of period end date) ⁽²⁾			
07/01/2023 - 07/31/2023	248,963	\$ 31.63	_	\$ 334,036,922			
08/01/2023 - 08/31/2023	1,205,583	\$ 40.66	1,205,583	\$ 285,014,637			
09/01/2023 - 09/30/2023	1,146,059	\$ 41.28	1,146,059	\$ 237,700,848			
Total:	2,600,605	\$ 40.07	2,351,642				

⁽¹⁾ 248,963 shares purchased by us in the third quarter of 2023 were to offset tax withholding obligations that occurred upon the delivery of outstanding shares underlying RSUs issued under the terms of award agreements granted under the Equity Plan.

(2) In September 2022, our Board of Directors approved the Stock Repurchase Program authorizing us to repurchase up to \$500.0 million in aggregate value of our common stock through December 31, 2024. The Stock Repurchase Program permits us to repurchase our shares from time to time in open market transactions, through privately negotiated transactions or by other means in accordance with federal securities laws and subject to certain provisions of our Credit Agreement and the indentures governing our Senior Notes. We intend to utilize net cash provided by operating activities to repurchase shares of our common stock. Stock repurchases may also be made with borrowings under our Credit Agreement. The timing, as well as the number and value of shares repurchased under the Stock Repurchase Program, will be determined by certain authorized officers of the Company at their discretion and will depend on a variety of factors, including the market price of our common stock, general market and economic conditions and applicable legal requirements. The value of shares authorized for repurchase by our Board of Directors does not require us to repurchase such shares or guarantee that such shares will be repurchased, and the Stock Repurchase Program may be suspended, modified, or discontinued at any time without prior notice. No assurance can be given that any particular number or dollar value of our shares will be repurchased. During the three months ended September 30, 2023, we repurchased and subsequently retired 2,351,642 shares of our common stock under the Stock Repurchase Program at a weighted-average share price of \$40.97 for a total cost of \$96.3 million, excluding excise taxes, commissions, and fees.

Our payment of cash dividends to our stockholders and repurchases of our common stock are each subject to certain covenants under the terms of our Credit Agreement and Senior Notes. Based on our current performance, we do not anticipate that any of these covenants will limit our potential repurchases of our common stock or our payment of dividends at our current rate for the foreseeable future if any dividends are declared by our Board of Directors.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed or furnished with, or incorporated by reference into this report:

Exhibit Number	Description
<u>3.1</u>	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of SM Energy Company, as amended through June 1, 2010 (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2010, and incorporated herein by reference)
<u>3.2</u>	Certificate of Amendment to Restated Certificate of Incorporation of SM Energy Company, as amended through June 1, 2010, dated May 25, 2023 (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 30, 2023, and incorporated herein by reference)
<u>3.3</u>	Amended and Restated By-Laws of SM Energy Company, effective as of February 21, 2017 (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, and incorporated herein by reference)
<u>31.1*</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002
<u>31.2*</u>	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002
<u>32.1**</u>	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes - Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Schema Document
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101.INS)

* Filed with this report.

** Furnished with this report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	SM E	ENERGY COMPANY
November 3, 2023	By:	/s/ HERBERT S. VOGEL
		Herbert S. Vogel
		President and Chief Executive Officer
		(Principal Executive Officer)
November 3, 2023	By:	/s/ A. WADE PURSELL
		A. Wade Pursell
		Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
		(Principal Financial Officer)
November 3, 2023	By:	/s/ PATRICK A. LYTLE
		Patrick A. Lytle
		Vice President - Chief Accounting Officer and Controller
		(Principal Accounting Officer)